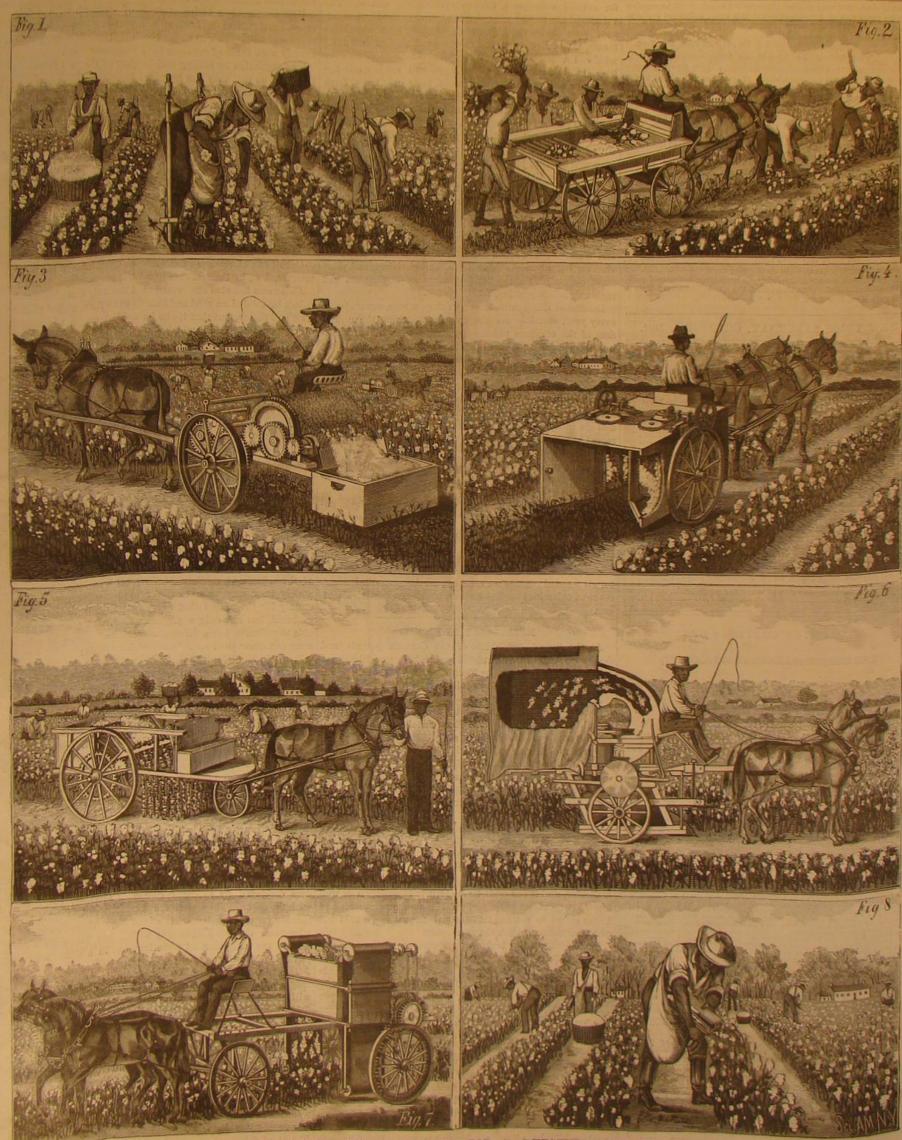


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MACHINES AND APPLIANCES FOR HARVESTING COTTON.

# Scientific American.

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"NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1881.

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#### FIELD AND FOREST FIRES.

counties and a portion of adjoining counties in the triangle magnesium became weldable just like iron, and upon this between Saganaw Bay and Lake Huron, in the eastern part he founded a method of welding nickel to iron. This disof Michigan, were swept by fire, destroying not only the covery has gained very considerable importance, since we remaining forest, but many small villages and a large num- are now able to weld plates of nickel on both sides of the ber of the outlying houses and barns of the settlers. In the iron or steel instead of merely depositing on it a thin coating newer districts everything was destroyed and many lives by electricity. were lost. Much of the country had but recently been eleared, and everywhere there were large areas covered with metallurgy of iron for Bessemer metal, for example, may brush and other food for fire, thoroughly dried by the long- perhaps be solved in a manner similar to that in which continued drought. For two months there had been little or no rain, and as usual small fires were burning almost everywhere. On Monday, September 5, a high wind arose, and by the new process with magnesium has a resemblance to for several subsequent days everything was aflame. The carbureted malleable iron. volume of fire was so great that the ordinary means of resistance were useless; woods, fields, villages, farm buildings, fences, crops, live stock, and their hapless owners were overwhelmed without chance of escape. Whole families were burned in their houses, or in the fields and roads while flyis issued weekly. Every number contains 16 octave pages, uniform in size
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Address MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y. whelmed without chance of escape. Whole families were area of the afflicted district was perhaps 10,000 square miles, thought arises that perhaps nickel is, after all, only an allowith a population of 50,000 or more. Most of the people tropic state of iron! were new settlers, just getting a start in life, though the loss of property in the older settlements was heavy. The im- can be welded on both sides of an ingot of steel, and the mediate loss of life is estimated at from three to five hundred. Many more were seriously if not fatally burned, and the covered with nickel. Iron wire covered with nickel could exposure of houseless and bereaved women and children be drawn out just like ordinary wire. Another advantage entailed great additional suffering, if not hazard of life.

and Western cities, much has been done for the relief of the steel can be welded as before. victims; but hundreds have been impoverished, and years must elapse before the lately prosperous settlements can manner, i. e., by the addition of a little magnesium. regain their lost position.

Lessons of this nature, happily not so severe, occur almost every year, certainly every dry season, teaching the unwis- wire and sheets, but that it can be welded on to the allows dom of the common practice by new settlers of surround- of copper and nickel, which can be rolled at a very high ing themselves with materials for future conflagrations, Forests are cleared, and vast accumulations of brush, tree surrounded with thin sheet iron, which is afterward dissolved limbs, waste lumber, and the like are allowed to form on all off, or is heated in an air-tight apparatus. In this way, too, sides. At last there comes the inevitable drought, with a chance that the rubbish will not yield to small and isolated by welding. fires. Ordinarily the brush fires are confined to the clearings, and are easily kept under control. Occasionally, as in the rusting on the cut surfaces the iron beneath is dissolved recent instance, and similarly ten years ago, a general con- away at the edges with dilute acids, and the projecting flagration ensues, and a terrible price is paid in property and nickel then hammered down and welded over it. In Birmingsuffering and loss of life for the neglect to burn the brush ham H. Wiggin makes nickel malleable by adding 2 to 5 per heaps in detail and at seasons when they will not burn so cent manganese.

It is only by concerted action on the part of all the members of a new settlement that this serious hazard of their lives and properties can be kept down, and it would seem gress in London, Sir James Paget dwelt at considerable possible that something in the way of general legislation might be devised to compel wood-cutters to clear up and the impossibility of making any just comparative estimate burn up their rubbish as they go along. Without such laws of the relative value and importance of the several divisions for all wooded regions we must expect the periodical recur- of the science of medicine, or any other science, however rence of calamities such as has now overtaken Eastern Michi widely they may seem to differ in present utility. This gan.

#### METALLURGY OF NICKEL

At the recent exhibition of the German patents and none can guess the issue. The speaker added: designs the metallurgy of nickel and cobalt was illustrated Dr. Kollmann describes it as follows:

mallcable and weldable nickel by Dr. Th. Fleitmann, that Men boasting themselves as practical might ask, "What nickel has entered the rank of those metals which are tech- good can come of it?" Time and scientific industry have nically employed on a large scale. Previously only the answered, "This good: those researches have given a more alloys of nickel with copper and other metals could be easily true form to one of the most important practical doctrines wrought, while pure nickel could neither be hammered nor of organic chemistry; they have introduced a great benerolled. The reason of this was that pure nickel absorbs ficial change in the most practical part of surgery; they are (occludes) gases while melted (Fleitmann thinks it is car- leading to one as great in the practice of medicine; they bonic oxide), and the nickel cannot be worked until these concern the highest interests of agriculture, and their power gases are removed.

Fleitmann's process for making nickel malleable consists in adding a very small trace, only one-twentieth of a per cent judges of the value of scientific facts, so were men of of magnesium, which is introduced in the form of a bar into science at fault when they missed the discovery of anesthe liquid nickel while in the crucible. This small percent thetics. Year after year the influences of laughing gas and age of metallic magnesium renders this brittle metal perfectly of ether were shown; the one fell to the level of the wonmalleable, and it can even be welded. Magnesium is well ders displayed by itinerant lecturers; students made fun known to oxidize very easily (at high temperatures) and with the other, hence serves to remove these injurious gases. (Would not looking for nothing but what might be straightway useful, phosphorus accomplish the same end?)

covery (which is already patented in all countries) is evident physiological science. for rauch more convenient ones could have been stamped so recorded cannot remain barren. from pure malleable nickel. Pure nickel, in addition to its malleability, possesses the great advantage that it does their luster and turn reddish.

Fleitmann, in his very interesting investigation, also made During the first week of September a large part of two the discovery that pure nickel treated with a very little

The question of welding, which is not yet settled in the Fleitmann solved it for nickel. Its importance technically and economically hardly can be overestimated. Nickel made

Kollmann made a series of tests of strength with Fleitmann's nickel, and arrived at a surprising result. namely, that the elasticity as well as the absolute strength corresponds exactly with those of medium hard Bessemer steel.

The expansion by rolling and forging of the two metals is the same, so that they can be rolled together.

Kollmann then gives some of the numerical results of his tests, which we omit, but they go to show that the physical properties of nickel and iron are very analogous, so that the

Since nickel and steel expand equally, blocks of nickel whole rolled out into sheets of any desired thickness already is that the welding as well as the melting temperature of Thanks to prompt and liberal contributions from Eastern steel and nickel is close together, so that the nickelized

Cobalt can be rendered malleable and weldable in the same

Fleitmann has also discovered that not only can nickel and cobalt be welded on steel and iron so as to form nickel plated temperature. In this operation the metals to be welded are sheet iron can be combined with alloys of copper and nickel

To prevent articles made of nickeled steel or iron from

#### THE GERMINAL VALUE OF NEW TRUTHS.

In his presidential address before the recent Medical Conlength upon the necessity of special studies in science and mainly for the reason that every fact in science, wherever gathered, has not only a present value, which we may be able to estimate, but a living and germinal power, of which

It would be difficult to think of anything that seemed less in an interesting manner by Fleitmann & Witte, of Iserlohn. likely to acquire practical utility than those researches of the few naturalists who, from Leeuwenhoeck to Ehrenberg, It is only within a few years since the discovery of pure studied the most minute of living things, the Vibrionidæ. is not yet exhausted."

And as practical men were, in this instance, incompetent They who made the great discovery which has borne fruit not The extraordinary technical importance of the new dis- only in the mitigation of suffering, but in a wide range of

at once. Formerly alloys with comparatively only a little | The history of science has many similar facts, and they nickel could be used, say, for coin. The German 10 pfennig may teach that any man will be both wise and dutiful if he pieces (like the American 5 cent piece) contain only 25 per will patiently and thoughtfully do the best he can in the cent of nickel to 75 of copper. Now, on the other hand, we field of work in which, whether by choice or chance, his lot can have pure nickel east in any desired shape, and also is east. There let him, at least, search for truth, reflect on forge it and roll it like iron or steel. We may, indeed, it, and record it accurately; let him imitate that accuracy assume with tolerable certainty that if Fleitmann's method and completeness of which I think we may boast that we had been known ten years ago we Germans would not have have, in the descriptions of the human body, the highest been pestered with our unhandy little 20 pfennig silver coins, instance yet attained in any branch of knowledge. Truth

THE second class steel armor-plated turret ship and ram not lose its luster in moist air and is unaffected by organic Conqueror was launched September 8, at Chatham, Eng. acids, while its alloys, we know too well, gradually lose She is of 6,200 tons, and her engines are of 4,500 horse power. Her armament will be two 25-ton guns.

#### The Removal of the President.

The successful removal of President Garfield from Washington to Elberon, on the New Jersey coast near Long Branch, a distance of 240 miles, on the morning of September 6. afforded a striking illustration of the perfection of modern thought that, after the exhibition, and the reservation of the the dock in the background of Fig. 1, and its condition is means of transit. The vitality of the wounded patient had sunk so low that it was morally certain that he could not other parts may be so let as to cover the interest on a large in another part of the firebox the quality is indicated as Glassurvive for many days the heat and bad air of the Capital. portion of the money invested in the structure. As a last resort it was decided to remove him. The railway companies were notified, and in a few hours the necessary arrangements were made, including the construction of about a mile of railway from the Elberon Station to the cot- dock, foot of Essex street, Jersey City, opposite New York, tage the President was to occupy.

House to a wagon, and slowly drawn to the railway station, a cursory manner, the principal witnesses, namely, the corwhere he was as carefully transferred to a car expressly fitted roded safety valve and the torn crown sheet, will be likely up for the occasion. The seven hours' journey by way of to doubt the cause, while the responsibility may almost as Baltimore, Wilmington, Philadelphia, and Trenton to the sea was admirably endured, a speed of a mile a minute being maintained at times without greatly discommoding the Tammany, a calker, were instantly killed, both being

#### Opening of the Mechanics' Fair in Boston.

The second of the great exhibitions which Boston is having this fall was opened with due "pomp and ceremony, September 13, the Governor of the State, the Mayor of the city, and numerous other officials participating, with the military, in the exercises. The attendance was large, so that the great building in which the fair is held was comfortably filled, and this, too, without lessening the crowds which all day flocked to the other exhibition, which had been about four weeks in progress. The fact that two such great shows are so well attended at the same time in a city no larger than Boston, and but moderately populous suburbs, not only speaks well for the management of these exhibitions, but tells of the active interest which nearly everybody in New England feels in manufactures and the mechanic arts.

The building in which this exhibition is held is an ornament to the city, and is so well fitted for the purposes for which it was designed as to reflect great credit upon the managers of the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association. It is triangular in ground plan, having a frontage of 600 feet on Huntington avenue and 300 feet on West Newton street, a section of the city which has been wholly made by "filling in" the "back bay" on the nearly abreast of the boiler and on the tugboat Gladwish, Charles River, and all of this new portion is being built up which was on the dock and about to be lowered after havwith public edifices and private buildings which reflect great

credit upon Boston architects.

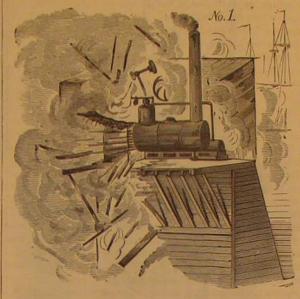
The exhibition building is in the Renaissance style, with free treatment. Distinct lateral lines, except that designating the basement, have been avoided. Arches of graceful curves rise nearly to the coping—giving space within their sweeps for numerous windows, through which the interiors are thoroughly lighted. These arches and the adja-upon the second section of the dock, about 20 to 25 feet, cent walls are massively laid in red brick with sills and caps of Longmeadow freestone and terra cotta ornaments. On one side of the main arch is a head of Franklin, on the other that of Oakes Ames, representing respectively electricity and railroading. They are surrounded by spandrels of palm, oak, and olive branches, in which appear the arm and hammer of the association's seal. Around the structure is a wide space of sodded ground, through which is laid a brick sidewalk, and in which are placed numerous gas and electric lights, under whose combined glow the beauties of the front are to be seen almost as plainly by night as they are by day. In the verdant triangle, at the eastern end of the building, a fountain of highly ornamental design is placed. An octagonal tower forms the easterly termination. It is about 40 feet in diameter and 90 feet high, and has in its upper story a lookout, from which a fine view may be obtained. There are two wide entrances into the tower, one directly from Huntington avenue sidewalk, the other through a covered porch and steps twelve feet wide, from according to the stage of the tide, above the street level the covered carriage porch, built of brick and stone, with hard pine open timbered and tiled roof. In the center of the octagon is the ticket office, and leading from it, and sep. flanged to the body of the safety valve, as shown in the arated by a fence with three turnstiles, is a corridor 20 feet wide, which is the main avenue of approach to the exhibition halls. The administration building, which adjoins the tower, has a basement 15 feet high and three stories above it. At the left of the corridor, which runs through the building from the main entrance to the exhibition hall, is the president's room, a large apartment for the use of the presiident and directors of the association. Adjoining this is the treasurer's room; then comes a large room fitted with desks for the accommodation of the representatives of the press; and beyond this is the superintendent's office. At the right of the corridor is an elevator running from the basement to the upper stories; adjoining this is the janitor's room, the remainder of the space being occupied by toilet rooms and coat rooms. On the second floor of the administration building is the dining-hall, measuring 34 by 84 feet, and well finished. On the same floor, and separated from it by a corridor corresponding with the one on the main floor. is a private dining room for the managers of the association, the serving room, and ladies' toilet rooms. In the third story is a hall, 46 by 84 feet, which, during the fair, will be used for the military museum. At the close of the fair it will be handsomely finished for the use of the association, part (see Fig. 1) which was blown to pieces. The original hard wood floor, suitable for dancing upon, a stage, ladies' to this time this plate has not been found.

and gentlemen's dressing rooms, toilet rooms, committee rooms, etc. Five elevators are conveniently located in dif- flat and formed of a single plate, which was driven down ferent parts of the building, giving ready access to each of upon the grate bars by the pressure as soon as the overloaded the four floors on which the exhibits are arranged, and it is stays gave way by pulling through this plate. It fell upon portions which the association will permanently occupy, the shown in Fig. 4. It is five sixteenths of an inch thick; and

#### BOILER EXPLOSION ON A DRY DOCK.

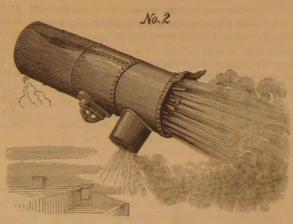
The steam boiler on Bollman & Brown's floating dry exploded with astonishing violence on the morning of Sep-Mr. Garfield was borne on a stretcher from the White tember 13. No intelligent engineer who examines, even in in Fig. 3, which would be the first uncovered portion of the fire readily be placed.

Capt. L. D. Decker, of the iron tug Gladwish, and James

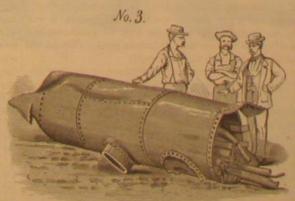


ing undergone repairs. The names of the deck hands who were injured are John Smith, Alex. McQuinn, Walter Everson, who had temporary charge of the boiler in the absence of the regular attendant, and Victor Lambeck. Three of these persons will doubtless die of their injuries.

Sketch No. 1 shows how the boiler, which was of the locomotive type, was located on an overbanging platform, built



furnished steam to a 14' x 24' horizontal engine which stood alongside of it, through a 21/2 inch wrought iron pipe engraving. The engine and boiler were covered by a shed building having a tinned roof, and they were used in connection with suitable gearing to pump the water from the tion. four pontoon sections that composed the floating dock. The



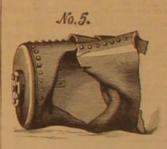
The top and sides of the inner shell of the furnace were gow C H No. 1 flange, tensile strength 50,000. The barrel of the boiler is three eighths, single riveted, and contained 37 tubes 3 inches in diameter and 10 feet long. The boiler itself, well made, is clean inside, and shows no defects indicating long use. It is said to be four years old.

There was no indication of overheating of the plate shown



surface in case of low water in the boiler; but there was unmistakable evidence that the so called safety valve was and had been for some time absolutely inoperative. The iron stem of the valve was immovably fixed by corrosion in the iron bonnet of the valve case. This valve, which is of the wing pattern, is 21/2 inches diameter, was loaded by lever and weight to blow off at about 60 pounds when in order.

On the morning of the explosion the engine was not running, the temporary attendant was absent, a brisk fire was burning, and there being no outlet for the steam the pressure accumulated till the boiler gave notice by leaking steam through the weaker seams of the fire-box. The young man in charge, on seeing this, was in the act of running to open the furnace door when the explosion took place. The stay bolts pulled through the inner plate, and the flat top of the furnace was forced down upon the furnace grate bars, and the outer shell plate was forced upward, as indicated in the sketch No. 1. The whole furnace part of the boiler was thus separated from the barrel, which, impelled by the issuing contents, flew like a rocket in nearly a direct line of its projected axis, as indicated by sketch No. 2, up Essex street, plainly marking its trajectory upon buildings and signs; it reached the ground after turning about one-fourth of a revolution on its axis, at a distance of about 300 feet, where it encountered and cut down a fire hydrant, leaving the marks of the fluted casting plainly embossed



in the iron of the dome, which was crushed and detached from the boiler, as shown in sketch No. 5. At this point in its course it struck the curbstone, and several rivet heads were ground smoothly off as though by contact with a fast running dry grindstone, changing the iron to a blue color by the heat of the friction. Here also

it struck two large trees near the ground and the man-hole yoke was broken off. It was diverted by contact with these objects slightly to the left, and thereby prevented from entering a large dwelling house, and continued by a single bound up the middle of the street to a total distance of nearly 750 feet from the starting point-demolishing two wagons, killing a horse, and finally resting upon a two-wheeled truck to which the animal was attached. The explosion was followed by a terrible roar of the expanding water, which so frightened the horses along the street that they ran away; and the people fled terror-stricken into the nearest buildings.

The safety valve was found after the explosion firmly fixed in its seat, in which it is rusted in. The coroner proposes to weigh the force that will be necessary to move the safety valve from its seat, and no doubt there will be many guesses at the pressure that was required to do this work of destruc-

This case is very nearly parallel to one that occurred at boiler was 16 feet long, including the 4 feet of the fire box the works of the Standard Oil Company, in Centerville, N. J., in 1878, and from the same cause-overpressure from a defective safety valve. Some of the parts of that boiler, which was also of the locomotive type, flew a distance of 1,200 feet. The boller was proken into twelve principal fragments, and scattered over several acres of open ground.

The lesson taught by these disasters is obvious and should be learned by every steam user. It is that no steam boiler is safe without an efficient and well kept safety valve.

The worn-out theory of low water as a common cause of boiler explosions must soon give way to the more common causes-defective safety valves and weak boilers. It has become a trite remark among engineers that the most stupid boiler attendant knows enough to keep plenty of water in his boiler, while, on the other hand, many well-informed engineers are too careless about their safety valves, and seem to think if once well fitted and properly proportioned it will remain a safety valve without trouble and care. There is now more than one observer of boiler explosions and will also be let for concerts, theatricals, lectures, balls, form of this part is shown in dim outline, while the exteretc., the scatting capacity being about seven hundred. It had sheet, with the screw stays attached, is seen spread out York City arose from leaving the fastening upon the valve will have an open timbered roof, finished in hard wood, a in the act of commencing its flight to parts unknown. Up after the annual hydrostatic test, simply forgotten by the person who placed it there.

#### Strong Magnets.

For some time past M. Trouvé, the eminent Parisian instrument maker, has been engaged in discovering the best mode of making powerful magnets of identical strength. For this purpose he has investigated the best kinds of steel, the most suitable degree of temper, and the most practical and simple method of magnetization. In testing the different kinds of steel, he cut the pieces of the same dimensions and magnetized intended not only for the support of flower pots and vases, them, then measured their portative force. They were after- but for hanging baskets, fish globes, etc. When properly ward tempered and magnetized anew. The portative force filled it makes an elegant window garden, holding a great after this second magnetization has led M. Trouvé to the number of plant, while the ornamental brackets support center line, which center line is then opened or cut with a knife conclusion that the best French steel for making bar magnets the fish globes and hanging baskets, and form a trellis for is that of Allevard, as already known. He also finds that the vines. the portative forces, as determined after the two magnetizations, are connected by a simple law, which can be expressed by saying that they are to each other in the ratio of n:n2, that is to say, if the portative force of the first magnetization is represented by 2, 3, and 4, that due to the final or saturated magnetization is represented by 4, 9, 16. As regards the temper of the steel, M. Trouvé finds that a regular temper is necessary, and to insure this condition he employs a muffle furnace heated by gas to a constant temperature. The actual magnetization of the bars is performed by placing them in two solenoids in juxtaposition, and closing the magnetic circuit by means of two plates of soft iron. The solenoids are then electrified by means of the current from six Wollaston elements. By proceeding in this manner M. Trouvé succeeds in preparing bar magnets which will sustain from twelve to fourteen times their own weight, and if they are bent into the horseshoe form the portative force is quadrupled, that is to say, it becomes from forty-eight to fifty-six times the weight of the magnet.

#### Absorption of Oxygen in Coal Mines.

The Belgian Academy of Sciences has received a report on the researches made by M. Fabre, regarding the diseases to which coal miners are especially liable. He finds that, as coal absorbs rapidly up to one hundred times its own value of oxygen, the air which the miners have to breathe is deprived of oxygen to a hurtful degree; the atmosphere of a mine is also further vitiated by the gaseous carbon compounds given off by the slow combustion of the coal. M. Fabre concludes that a supply of air is more essential than that of light, and even the best ventilated mines require better ventilation.

#### A Suspended Aqueduct.

A cheap suspension aqueduct was invented and used by some miners in California in 1852. A river ran between two bluffs, one of which was considerably higher than the out" as well as that upon the lower. Some sailors, including the mate of a whaler, took up a claim, and succeeded in making a hose of strong duck, about eight inches in diameter, and stretching it from the higher to the lower hill, by means of a strong rope running through it. Water was then carried through this weak bose, which could not have resisted the pressure if lowered into the valley, and the that had been hitherto worthless,

### AN EASILY MADE CHAIR.

fortable chair which may be made as elegant as the tastes of seems to differ from the calcium reflectors that were often improved box for packing and exhibiting ruchings, laces, the maker may dictate. The chair, as will be

seen by reference to Fig. 1, consists merely of a barrel cut off above the second hoop so as to form a complete back with half arms at the side. The barrel thus cut is mounted on two strips of wood, having casters under their ends, and brackets above to form the legs and to add to the appearance of the chair. A head is fitted to the circular portion, and the whole is neatly uphölstered, as shown in Fig. 2.

Of course it is necessary to select a good barrel bound with iron hoops, and a little care should be taken in the upholstering to disguise the barrel form as much as possible.

#### A Strong and Handy Cement.

One of the strongest cements, and very readily made, is obtained when equal quantities of gutta percha and shellac are melted together and well stirred. This is best done in an iron capsule placed on a sand bath, and heated either over a gas furnace or on the top of a stove. It is a combination possessing both hardness and toughness, qualities that make it particularly desirable in mending crockery.

When this cement is used the articles to be mended should be warmed to about the melting point of the displayed on our streets, although hand power may be ap | patented a composition for cleaning and polishing metals, mixture, and then retained in proper position until cool, plied to the new reflector by detaching the small motor, consisting of potash, lime, mineral oil, and the oil of Elais when they are ready for use

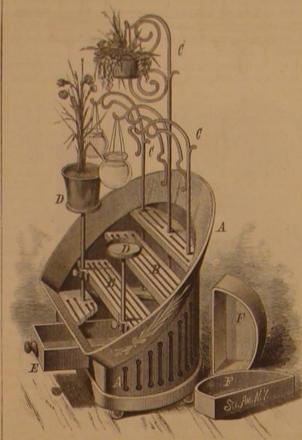
### Whooping Cough.

On an extended trial the author, Dr. Gaspar Griswold, of lar action to that of creosote on the motor fibers of the vagus experiment was considered a success.

to the stomach and from a lowering of the vitality of the specific germ of whooping cough disease.

#### IMPROVED FLOWER STAND.

stand lately patented by Mr. William D. McCallum, of Truro, N. S. The stand, as will be seen by the engraving, is



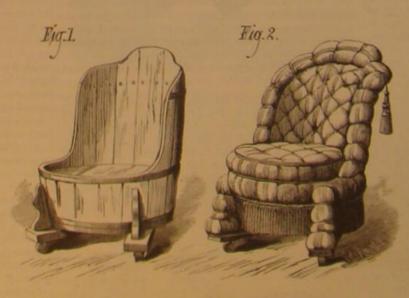
McCALLUM'S FLOWER STAND.

The capacity of the stand is increased by two or more verother. Water was available on the one, but it did not "pan tical rods, provided with cups at the upper ends for receiving flower pots.

The flaring rim around the stand supports the foliage and prevents water from getting on the floor while sprinkling

### A Naval Experiment with the Electric Light.

The Providence Journal gives an account of a trial of the ingenious sailors realized handsome fortunes out of the land electric light as used to detect the movements of vessels, at able basket-like devices and a tapering screw thimble, by night, especially torpedo boats in time of war. The light is whose adjustment relatively to each other and to the crossplaced in a parabolic reflector, which is pivoted to turn in bars the flueness of the spray issuing from the nozzle is reguany desired direction and moved by a small electric engine lated. We give an engraving of a very cheap yet strong and com- in the horizontal plane of the motion. In this respect it Mr. Albert Back, of New York city, has patented an



A CHEAP AND COMFORTABLE CHAIR.

The experiment was directed by Captain Selfridge, of the guiniensis. United States Navy, and with the United States steamship Nina and a small steam launch from the torpedo station of Newport, R. I. The launch was sent to the outer harbor, folthis city, finds carbolic acid in whooping cough, in doses of lowed after some time by the Nina, fitted with a light on each began September 15. As this is the fiftieth exhibition of the one-fourth minim to a child of six months, one-half minim side, to seek for her in the darkness. The launch was to Institute special efforts have been made to celebrate its semifor one of a year, and one minim for one of two years and play around and approach with muffled ores and hidden centennial becomingly. The applications for space are said upward, to be the best remedy. "The whoop goes; the lights as near as possible to the Nina without being heard, to have been larger than ever before, and the exhibition vomiting ceases; the paroxysms are modified in intensity and frequency." This result be believes to "arise from a simi-tance as soon as the light swept over her locality, and the as usual, sadly behind in their preparations, and the exhibi-

#### RECENT INVENTIONS.

Mr. John K. Harris, of Springfield, Ohio, has recently patented a novel and comparatively simple construction of buttonhole worker, applicable to the ordinary sewing The engraving shows an improved ornamental flower machines, which, for neat and substantial work, bids fair to greatly extend the use of this class of devices. In its general organization it comprises a cloth clamp that holds the cloth and oscillates it under the needle at right angles to the line of feed, first on one side of a center line, and then (after shifting its position at the end) returns on the other side of the to disconnect the two lines of stitching and form the buttonhole. The cloth clamp is oscillated by a connection with the needle bar of the machine. The prominent feature of the invention is to be found in causing the lateral oscillation of the cloth clamp to be converted directly into a secondary intermittent progressive feed longitudinally with the button hole, by the direct impingement of the cloth clamp against an adjustable stop or resistance that causes the cloth clamp to react and move longitudinally, the length of feed and depth of stitch having always an automatic correlation to each other. This, in connection with the other features of the device, gives a nicety of adjustment and accuracy of work that must be seen to be fully appreciated. Mr. Harris has also patented other constructions aiming at analogous

Mr. Rece W. Trude, of Lock Haven, Pa., has patented a cheap, simple, and durable folding drier for drying clothes,

Mr. John J. McLean, of Hillsborough, Ill., has patented an improved folding case or cabinet for holding and preserving court and other papers for use particularly by clerks of courts. It is so constructed that the file papers in different causes on the docket may be conveniently selected from and returned to their respective pigeon-holes, and which will exhibit at all times the absence of papers and by whom taken.

An improved animal trap, patented by Mr. Russell Elliott, of Somerset, Ky., consists in a box divided into three compartments by two partitions, a sliding plate for closing the entrance apertures in the front of the trap, the rock shaft carrying the sliding plate, an oscillating treadle, and chains or cords connecting the treadle and the rock shaft,

An improved wardrobe bedstead has been patented by Mr. Ernest N. Doring, of New York city. This wardrobe bedstead is so constructed that the frames or cases of the bedsteads and the weight boxes can be readily disconnected, when desired, for convenience in moving the bedstead from place to place

Mr. Fred Terstegen, of Elizabeth, N. J., has patented an eyeglass having the nose-piece or bow-spring jointed in the middle so as to permit the lenses to fold sidewise toward each other, and having the ends of the two sections of the nose-piece or bow-spring extended past the pivot and provided with locking devices for holding them in position for

Mr. Charles Oyston, of Little Falls, N. Y., has patented an improvement in syringes. The invention consists of a nozzle with flaring lip, containing several fixed crossbars and adjust-

embroideries, and analogous articles. The invention consists in a box provided with a reel pivoted to arms of one of the longitudinal sides of the box, which side is hinged to the bottom of the box so that it will swing outward into a borizontal position, the arms carrying the reel being in a vertical position, and thus permitting the reel to turn freely.

Mr. John M. Cookingham, of Hudson, N. Y., has patented a secure and inexpensive fastening that is durable and will not require openings cut in the inner case. This invention is applicable to hunting and open cases and key and stem winders; and it consists in a locking perdant fitted to slide on a stem and formed to lap over

Mr. Joshua W. Trussell, of Rockland, Me. has patented an improved door securer for fasten. ing doors, drawers, cases, or where locks are ordinarily used, in which a central shaft armed with sharp projections from two opposite side is inclosed in a rectangular wedge shaped frame, the shaft being provided with a thumbscrew head in one instance and a lever in the other, for turning it at right angles with the frame,

Mr. Bertram G. Seebach, of Peru, Ill., has

## The American Institute Fair,

The annual exhibition of the American Institute Fair tion opens in the customary state of unreadiness.

# COTTON AND ITS FUTURE.—AN OPPORTUNITY FOR IN-VENTION

The International Exhibition to be opened at Atlanta, Georgia, October 5, will not inaugurate a new industrial era for the South, as some have assumed, but will rather serve to convince the world that such an era is already well ad-

The enterprise began with the cotton interest, and was at first promoted for the especial furtherance of the industries which immediately turn upon the production and manufac ture of the South's chief staple. That the scope of the exhibition has been widened to take in all the industries and resources of the Cotton States is both natural and encouraging; for while cotton is the leading interest, its prosperity must nocessarily give life and energy to all the rest, and at the same time whatever forwards the general development of the natural and industrial capabilities of the South must react beneficially upon the cotton interest.

An immediate effect of the Exhibition is likely to be a great increase of knowledge among capitalists touching the opportunities which the South affords for profitable investments. But of still greater value probably will be the lessons learned by Southern cultivators with respect to means and methods of increasing the productiveness of their fields and the money value of their crops. Until recently the agricultural processess and appliances of the Southern planters have not been remarkable for economy and efficiency; and even yet the liberal adoption of modern labor-sav ing machinery is the exception rather than the rule in the South. It is true that in the aggregate the products of the Cotton States are enormous in quantity and in money value. The world is well aware of that. But not so many are aware that probably not a hundredth part of the productive capacity of the country has ever been developed.



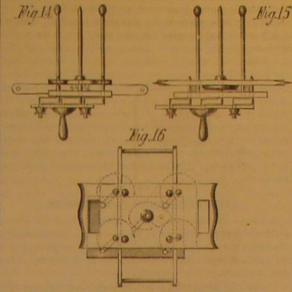
RECIPROCATING HAND COTTON PICKER.

For the past five years the cotton crop has averaged nearly five million bales, and last year it approached six in the direction of mechanical aids to cotton picking, we side of the row of cotton plants. These brushes remove the million bales; yet not more than two or three acres in every hundred available for cotton have been under cultivation, and on the land cultivated the yield has not been half as cotton field. How far any of them meets the requirements against combs arranged along the vertical edges of the openmuch in quantity or anything near as valuable as it might of the case we are not prepared to say. That none of them ings in which the brushes revolve. This machine is the inhave been. During the census year the cotton acreage was 14.441,993 acres; the yield was 5,737,257 bales, or an average of 4 bales (of 475 pounds) to ten acres. Under proper cultivation and handling a bale to the acre is common, and two bales to the acre not uncommon. In his preliminary report on the cotton crop. Special Census Agent Hilgard remarks assist the cotton picker in supporting his body while stoop. plants in alternation, each in its ascent removing the cotton

that even with the imperfect tillage and incomplete picking of the crop (between the Mississippi River and the Yazoo, in the State of Mississippi), the average product per acre is over three quarters of a bale. Estimating the lands reclaimable by simple exclusion of the Mississippi overflows at only 3,000,000 acres, the annual product could readily be raised to 2,250,000 bales, without any change in methods of culture, on the Yazoo bottom alone. With improved cultivation, he says, the production could easily be brought up to 5,000,000 bales, and thus, with a similar improvement in the culture of the uplands, the State of Mississippi could easily produce the entire crop of the United States. He adds, in a foot note, that, so far from overestimating the possibilities within reach of careful

Without any stipulation as to improved culture Mr. Atkinson might yield as much cotton as the entire South now produces.

There is no ground for fear that the cotton market can be permanently glutted, provided the cost of the increased product can be kept sufficiently low. Not one in the hundred



REVOLVING SPINDLE-HAND COTTON PICKER.

of the population of the world has yet been reached by machine-made cottons, and the chief obstacle to the rest being made tributary to our cotton fields and cotton mills is a paltry fraction of a cent, perhaps, in the cost of a yard of cloth. The lowering of the cost of cotton to the cultivator, and the consequent extension of the area under profitable cultivation, can be brought about only by increasing the efficiency of the laborer and the productiveness of the soil. The first is being rapidly done by the introduction of improved cultivators, and the latter by the employment of fertilizers, by cleaner and more efficient methods of collecting and handling the fiber, by more thoroughly utilizing the hitherto waste products, and by the introduction of economical and effective remedies for the destructive cotton worm and similar pests: for example, by the use of pyrethrum solution, as recommended by Prof. Riley in another column of this paper.

Perhaps the most promising field of effort-at any rate the one in which successful effort would yield the highest results-is in the development of some practicable and economical method of gathering the list by machinery. A device which should do for cotton picking what Whitney's gin did for the work of freeing cotton lint from the seed would give an incalculable impetus to the extension of cotton culture. The demand for such an invention is urgent, increasingly urgent. It is doubtful whether any phase of agricultural labor needs the aid of the inventor so badly, or promises so rich a return for successful effort. Already a crop amounting in value to three or four hundred million dollars is every year made difficult to secure, and subjected to serious hazard and no inconsiderable loss, through lack of efficient barvesting machinery; and any rapid increase in the crop is prevented by the lack of laborers at the critical season, laborers whose unattainable services might be dispensed with were it possible to relegate the work of gathering the cotton, in any considerable degree, to machin-

As an illustration of what has already been accomplished vertical brushes, arranged in two pairs; one pair on each single fact that cotton is still picked by unaided human fin- was patented in 1880.

The appliance shown in Fig. 1 was patented by Mr. quite different from those above described. In this picker, William J. Lynch, of Old Town, Ark., and is designed to series of barbed flexible rods are pushed down into the cotton

culture, this statement does not adequately represent them. ing in the act of picking cotton, thus relieving the legs of weight that would otherwise come upon them. This device has estimated that one-tenth of the cotton area of Texas consists of two wooden staffs having foot rests pivoted at the bottom and provided with adjustable slides near the top, which are connected with a waist belt worn by the picker. The slides are provided with a clamp connected with the waist belt, so that when the staffs are thrown outward by the pressure of the knees the clamps bind the staffs and support the waist belt at that point.

The cotton harvester shown in Fig. 2 consists of a wagon having a straight body open at the top, and provided with a number of transverse stretched wires, over which the stalks of the plants are struck in such a way as to loosen the cotton from the bolls, when it falls into the wagon box. This is the invention of Mr. D. C. Hubbard, of Point Coupee Parish,

The cotton harvester shown in Fig. 3 is provided with a large picker cylinder covered with a close surface of bristles, forming a complete bristles brush face extending the entire length of the cylinder. This picker cylinder is revolved by connection with one of the drive wheels as the machine is drawn along over the rows of cotton plants. The bristles seize the ripe cotton from the pod without drawing out the unripe cotton or injuring the cotton or plants.

The machine is provided with a reel in front which bends down the cotton plants toward the face of the brush. There is a cleaning cylinder behind that draws the cotton from the picker cylinder and deposits it in the box at the rear of the machine. All of the rotating parts receive their motion from one of the supporting wheels of the machine. This invention was patented in 1872, by Mr. O. P. Meyers, of Canton, Ohio.

A machine, in some respects resembling that of Mr. Meyers, is shown in Fig. 4. In this machine there are four



ENDLESS CHAIN COTTON PICKERS.

show on the front page of this issue of the SCIENTIFIC cotton from the boll and carry it into the receptacles ar-AMERICAN a dozen or more patented devices for use in the ranged on either side of the machine. The brushes revolve is entirely satisfactory would appear probable from the vention of Mr. Thomas P. Moores, of Milliken's Bend, La. It

The principle of the machine represented in Fig. 5 is

from the other, being assisted by brushes arranged along the edges of the vibrating arms. The cotton is carried from the tops of the arms by endless bands and delivered to a receptacle at the rear of the machine. This picker was patented in 1877, by Mr. Orren R. Smith, of Raleigh, N. C.

The cotton harvester shown in Fig. 6 operates by air pressure, the necessary vacuum being created by a horizontal fan driven by the supporting wheels of the machine. A series of shells or curved hoops loosen the cotton from the bolls, the hoops being inclosed by a hood, from which the cotton is drawn by the fan, and discharged into the wire cloth receptacle at the rear of the machine, the cotton being retained while the air is allowed free escape through the meshes of the wire cloth. This machine was



PNEUMATIC COTTON PICKER.

patented in 1877, by Mr. F. Van Dorn, of Basking Ridge

on opposite sides of the machine, are excited electrically means of a solder chemically combining atoms of zinc and receptacle placed between the two belts.

sion of steps, carries it into the box, from which it finally drops into the sack.

In Figs. 9 and 10 is shown a hand cotton picker, which is remarkable for its simplicity and cheapness. It consists of gloves provided with wire hooks inclining backward toward the wrist, and a brush worn upon the waistband over the bag or other receptacle intended to receive the cotton.

by passing them over the brush. Figure 10 is an enlarged view of one of the fingers of the glove. This invention was don, England. patented in 1876, by Mr. R. A. Cutliff, of Shreveport, La.

A form of hand cotton picker, employing an endless and is expected to go down, each of the flexible bags is chain carrying barbs, is shown in Figures 11 and 12, Figure 12 being a detail view of the stripper. In this device the endless toothed chain is driven by a sprocket wheel, and in turn drives a pair of winged wheels or strippers which remove from the chain the cotton picked from the bolls by the teeth, and allow it to fall into the bag attached to the under side of the apparatus. This invention was patented in 1866, by Mr. George A. Howe, of Brooklyn, N. Y

Figure 18 represents a pneumatic picker applied by hand, the hose being connected with a fixed exhaust fan or pump. This is one of several similar inventions patented by Mr. John Griffin, of Louisville, Ky. The patent was issued in

The hand picker shown in Figures 14, 15, and 16 consists of a rotating spindle, having a crank by means of which it may be turned. The spindle is moistened continuously, so that when thrust into a cotton boll fhe cotton will adhere and wind upon the spindle as the latter is revolved. When the spindle is full it is placed over a basket, and a boardcalled by the inventor a "shedding board"-is moved outward along the four guide pins, and pushes off the ball of

In the engraving Fig. 14 is an end elevation, Fig. 15 a plan view, and Fig. 16 is a face view, showing the shedding board with handles in the ends. This invention was patented in 1879, by Mr. T. W. Ham, of Frosa, Texas.

For those of our readers who may be interested in this problem, and yet unfamiliar with the conditions under which a mechanical cotton picker must be operated, a few words with reference to the growth of cotton and the manner of its cultivation may not be out of place.

As the high bush or "tree" cotton which produces the long staple "sea islands" cotton furnishes but a small part of the crop, we may assume that the picking machine will be primarily designed for the upland cotton fields. In these the cotton bush grows from two to four feet high, the more common height being under three feet. The branches spread like those of an apple tree in miniature, and the cotton bolls are distributed about the limbs somewhat as apples are on a sparsely-bearing tree. The green bolls, which are an inch or so in diameter, expand and burst at maturity, exposing the snowy fiber for which the plant is cultivated, the bolls on the lower branches usually maturing first. The bolls are supported by foot stalks from two to four inches long, and for the most part grow near the outer ends of the limbs. A pull of about one ounce suffices to draw the lint from the ripe pods. In gathering the lint it is needful to keep it free from leaves, stems, or fragments of the shell of the pods, all of which goes by the name of "trash," and impairs the value of the fiber.

winter sets in or the crop is all gathered.

with busks, stems, and broken leaves.

solution and promises a liberal reward to any who shall solve it wholly or in part. If comparatively simple and in expensive, the successful machine will bring a speedy for-lation of deaths by ages the result is reached that, to the used on stamps are coat-of-arms, stars, eagles, lions, the

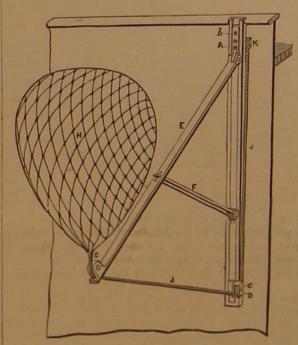
#### An Electrical Sheathing for Ships.

In Fig. 7 we represent an electric cotton picker, patented iron, only preserved it from corrosion. A year ago Mr. J. Prussia, 3.06; Austria, 2.61. The result is in accordance by Mr. Robert F. Cooke, of Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1870. In J. Atkinson and Mr. C. F. Henwood, of London, taking with that we know of the mean age of the deceased in the this machine two endless rubber belts, arranged vertically advantage of this fact, patented a system of sheathing by same countries. by friction, the cotton plant being agitated by a reel, or tin. About three months ago a steam yacht was subjected otherwise, when the ripe cotton, being disengaged from the to the process. The zinc sheets were attached to the iron by bolls, is attracted by the electrified belt, by which it is car- a dynamo machine, at spots about 9 inches apart, the conried upward. It is disengaged at the top, and falls into a nection being easily made by the melted solder. The iron printing postage stamps is as follows: The printing is done below was left quite naked, so that there might be nothing from steel plates, on which two hundred stamps are engraved, Fig. 8 shows a hand cotton picker, patented in 1867, by to intercept the galvanic action. After a cruise of about and the paper used is of a peculiar texture, somewhat resem-Mr. Joseph E. Carver, of Bridgewater, Mass. This inven- 5,000 miles the vessel is reported as perfectly clean, while bling that employed for bank notes. Two men cover the tion consists in a reciprocating tougue provided with teeth the iron below the zinc was absolutely wi'hout a trace of and fitted to an oblong box carrying a sack at its rear end, corrosion. The attachments formed by the solder were also girl, who print them with large rolling hand presses. Three The box is provided with an elastic plate baving spines, and so strong that in no place were they affected by an accident of these little squads are employed all the time, although when the tongue is reciprocated by the handle it takes the which the vessel met with. Experiments have proved that ten presses can be put in operation, if necessary. The colors cotton from the boll, and, by moving it forward by a succesper square foot per annum, so that 20 ounces of zinc should yellow and Prussian blue (green), vermilion, and carmine. last at that rate from six to nine years. The solder is the last to wear away, it being a much less negative metal than are engraved have been dried, they are sent into another

#### PREVENTING SHIPS FROM SINKING.

The ripe cotton is readily removed from the bolls by method of preventing ships from sinking, or assisting in back upward upon a flat wooden support, the edges being means of the wire hooks, and it is removed from the hooks that when an accident causes a serious leak, is illustrated by protected by a metallic frame, and the gum is applied with the annexed engraving, as designed by R. G. Sayers, of Lon a wide brush. After having been again dried, this time on

If the ship has sprung a leak or been otherwise damaged,



filled with air as quickly as possible, the wing, E. and stay, F, being fixed in the position shown in the engraving; the bar, B, is lowered into the grooves provided for that purpose in the fixed bar, A, and is secured to the ship's sides by two or more bolts, b. The end of the rope, J, having been passed through the hole in the ship's side and over the pulley, K, to one of the ordinary winches or windlasses, or to a winch provided for the purpose, the bag is thrown overboard and hauled down into the water into the position shown. These operations, it is said, may be performed in eighteen minutes from the time of the disaster, therefore no vessel need sink at sea in future. The wing, E, and stay, F, serve to prevent the bag from chating against the ship's side in case of a rough sea. Each bag with its apparatus being independent of the others, several of them can be filled and hauled down at the same time, according to the number of hands employed.

#### Longevity in Europe.

results of recent European censuses by ages, and the regis- the question if the receiver of the letter loves the sender; The plants are set in rows, from two to seven feet apart, ter of deaths also by ages. If we strike a mean of the cen while in the left hand corner means that the writer hates the according to the quality of the soil, and are thinned out in sus from 1869 to 1872, we find that Europe (exclusive of other. There is a shade of difference between desiring one's the rows so that the plants are from two to four feet apart. Russia, Turkey, and some small Southern states) possessed acquaintance and friendship, for example: The stamp at In the extreme south the bolls begin to burst as early as the in 1870 a mean population of 242,940,376, classed as follows the upper corner on the right expresses the former, and on Arst of July; further north, the picking begins a month or from the point of view of advanced ages: 17,313,715 of the lower left hand corner means the latter. The learned two later. The picking continues at intervals or continue more than 60 years, 79,859 of more than 90, and 3,108 of in this language request their correspondents to accept their ously according to the thrift and energy of the farmer until more than 100 years; i. c., 1 inhabitant in 12 of more than love by placing the stamp on a line with the surname, and 60, 1 in 2,669 of more than 90, and 1 in 62,503 of more than the response is made, if the party addressed be engaged, by The more serious obstacles to mechanical picking arise 100. Women, M. Solaville finds, are more numerous in placing the stamp in the same place but reversing it. The from the irregular height and spacing of the plants; the ir- extreme old age than men, and the difference increases with writer may wish to say farewell to his sweetheart, or once regularity in the maturing of the bolls; the necessity of the age. Thus at 60 years the advantage is with the women versa, and does so by placing the stamp straight up and avoiding injury to the plants in the earlier gatherings; the in the proportion of 7 per cent, at 90 and above it rises to down in the left hand corner. And so on to the end of the difficulty of withdrawing the ripe lint without admixture 45, and with centenarians to 60 per 100. It is in France chapter." There are in the world about six thousand varieties that we find the greatest relative number of inhabitants at of stamps. The museum at Berlin contains between four and the problem is a complicated one, yet it cries aloud for the age of 60 and upwards; but it is not so for centenarians, five thousand specimens, half of which are from Europe, tune to the inventor, prosperity to thousands of small plant-ers, occupation for multitudes of mills, and cheaper clothing lowing proportions to the countries named, and arranged grand duke, several titled rulers of less rank, and many according to the decreasing order of importance: Great presidents.

Britain, 9:73; Sweden, 7:39; France, 6:58; Belgium, 6:07; It has long been known that zinc, when in contact with Switzerland, 6 00; Holland, 4 47; Italy, 3 76; Bavaria, 3 42;

#### How Postage Stamps are Made

The number of ordinary postage stamps issued in 1881 was 954, 128, 440, and value \$24,040,643. The method of plates with the colored inks and pass them to a man and a After the sheets of paper on which the two hundred stamps room and gummed. The gum used is made of the powder of dried potatoes and other vegetables mixed with water. Gum arabic is not desirable, because it cracks the paper A recent modification of the application of the air bag badly. The sheets are gummed separately, they are placed little racks, which are fanned by steam power for about an hour, they are put in between sheets of pasteboard, and pressed between hydraulic presses, capable of applying a weight of two thousand tons. The sheets are next cut in halves; each sheet, of course, when cut, contains a hundred stamps. This is done by a girl with a large pair of shears, cutting by hand being preferred to that of machinery, which method would destroy too many stamps. They are then passed to the perforating machine. The perforations between the stamps are effected by passing the sheets between two cylinders provided with a series of raised bands which are adjusted to a distance apart equal to that required between the rows of perforations. Each ring on the upper cylinder has a series of cylindrical projections which fit corresponding depressions in the bands of the lower cylinder; by these the perforations are punched out, and by a simple contrivance the sheet is detached from the cylinders in which it has been conducted by an endless band. The rows running longitudinally of the paper are first made, and then by a similar machine the transverse ones. This perforating machine was invented and patented by a Mr. Arthur, in 1852, and was purchased by the government for \$20,000. The sheets are next dressed once more, and then packed and labeled and stowed away in another room, preparatory to being put up in mail bags for dispatching to fulfill orders. If a single stamp is torn, or in any way mutilated, the whole sheet of one hundred is burned. Five hundred thousand are burned every week from this cause. The sheets are counted no less than eleven times during the process of manufacturing, and so great is the care taken in counting, that not a single sheet has been lost during the past twenty years.

The postage stamp would seem to be only a humdrum sort of article, which fulfills a very useful, but withal extremely prosaic, purpose. Yet we learn from the Chicago Inter-Ocean that it can be made a delicate and subtle medium of delightful flirtation or romantic love, when skillfully manipulated by the sender of a letter and intelligently interpreted by the receiver, who by one swift glance at the stamp may instantly learn, from the manner of its affixture, whether to expect bliss or misery from the contents of the inclosed missive. The explanation of the whole matter, as given by the Inter-Ocean, is as follows: "Some ingenious persons have given a meaning to the location of a postage stamp on a letter. For example, they say that when a stamp is inverted on the right hand upper corner it means the person written to is to write no more. If the stamp be placed on the left hand upper corner and inverted, then the writer declares his affection for the receiver of the letter. When the stamp is in the center at the top, it signifies an affirmative answer to a question, or the question, as the case may be; and when it is at the bottom, or opposite this, it is a negative. Should the M. De Solaville analyzes in the Revue Scientifique the stamp be on the right hand corner, at a right angle, it asks

#### STEAM BOILER NOTES.

heating surface, meaning the areas that are exposed to the new chemical compound, or perhaps a simple permanent gas, and although the gas mingled with certain proportions of gases that emanate from the combustion of the coal, was possessing valuable properties that rendered it more efficient oxygen is explosive, that is, it burns rapidly and completely made obvious, as it had been before, by some practical experiments made by Mr. J. Graham, an account of which was newly discovered body "stamm." His communications, cause of an accident to a steam boiler by taking fire and read before the Philosophical Society of Manchester, Eng- having been published in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, fell exploding in the presence of saturated steam. land, about the beginning of 1858. He placed a series of under the observation of Dr. Haycroft, of Greenwich, Engfurnace. The first one, being directly over the fire, repre- established his faith in "stamm." His first experiment, was "old and unsafe, and there were 80 pounds of steam on." sented the crown sheet and sides of a fire box boiler, or the which appeared in the Scientific American, May 10, 1850, fire sheet of an externally fired boiler; the second, third, and was with a steam engine and a tubular condenser. The Ill., September 3. Six men and a woman were killed, and fourth vessels of the same size, corresponding in regard to cylinder was fitted with a steam jacket. He worked the some of them horribly mangled. Several others were seriefficiency to successive parts of a boiler toward the chimney. engine first with common saturated steam, which was con-Their respective rates of evaporation were as 100 pounds for densed, and the resulting water measured from a given volthe first is to 27, 13, and 8 for the other three together, mak- ume of steam, the volume used being determined by counting ing 148 in a given time.

circulation, which might somewhat modify the results; but near 500 pounds pressure per square inch, 1,800 strokes or hardness and tensile strength. This substance the inventor as it is not practicable to determine what each successive unit charges of steam were required to fill the same measure with manufactured for some years under the name of "Ajax of a surface common to the same body of water would actu- condensed steam, which seemed to indicate a very great metal." The great usefulness of the article in various arts ally do, and as it is probable that the results, if they could be gain. From this the experimenter was induced to believe and industries having become widely known, Mr. Elkins, of obtained, would not greatly differ, we may fairly make a the "stamm" was at least ten times more economical than Philadelphia, at the beginning of the present year, made a comparison in boiler practice.

theory, in explanation of boiler explosions, that water thrown although for a time it seemed to be successful. Subsequent into superheated or anhydrous steam at high temperatures experiment and calculation showed him that "stamm" would flash into steam of a highly elastic character. But this returned to steam precisely such as was described by former is shown to be contrary to the deductions from the establinvestigators and engineers, and at atmospheric pressure about 14,000 pounds, with a demand fully equal to that lished laws of heat. Not only so, but experiments have uni- occupied about 1,700 times the space that was occupied by formly failed to produce boiler explosions by this means. the water from which it was generated. In consequence of which were cited in the Scientific American of August 13, were full and exhaustive, and confirmed the laws of heat; some experiments were made at Harvard on the effect of they should be studied by every one who attempts to explain superheating steam upon its expansion, which showed that machinery generally-a purpose for which long experience boiler explosions for the purpose of promulgating new

Previous to the date of these valuable experiments the granting the medal to Mr. Frost. idea prevailed that boilers would not explode violently by a gradual accumulation of pressure, but would burst at the extent, which prove that out of contact with water anhyweakest place and harmlessly relieve themselves of strain. drous steam obeys the laws of heat and expansion that gov-The eighth inquiry of the committee related to this subject, ern simple gases, and that steam is a permanently gaseous They made small iron and copper boilers, which they compound while kept at a high temperature. It seems to namental castings (such as statuary, chandeliers, etc.) in exploded by placing them in a scaled condition in a furnace follow, therefore, that when steam overcharged with heat greensand—a purpose for which it is peculiarly fitted, owprepared for the purpose in a pit. The pressure at which falls by expansion in the steam engine to a temperature due ing to the fact that the fluidity of the molten metal is such these boilers exploded was ascertained by a registering to its pressure, it becomes saturated steam again, and at last that the finest lines in the pattern are in every case exactly spring balance, so constructed as to be as safe as possible water when given up its latent, which is less as the tension

One of these boilers exploded with a loud report, and was projected some distance, at a pressure of 172 pounds per understand Mr. Zerah Colbum's teachings in boiler explosion, square inch, 111/2 atmospheres, "and," says the report, and imputes to him a similar theory to Perkins. But Col-"stones and combustibles were widely scattered. A dense burn seemed to have no hobby or universal theory as most cloud of smoke and flame, capped by steam, arose from the writers on the subject have had. Our correspondent prop-

lar results, the difference being in the course of the rupture, it would merely lower the pressure." which was along the head seam, it being weaker than the other joints from too close spacing of the rivets. This sec- made to show its fallacy. ond explosion occurred at a pressure of about 255 pounds, 17 atmospheres. The registering apparatus having been Third Street Bridge, in West Bay City, Mich., August 22, second grade is of a lighter shade, but has the same toughbroken by the explosion, an accurate statement could not be killing James Kealy, of Bay City, William J. Abrams, of ness as the first; while the third is of the same color as high

certainly plausible when applied to cases in which it was by machines, and at the time of the explosion was engaged in house, and furnished in either bars or sheets, is now so well their conditions admissible. It is still believed by great running a saw, sawing cedar blocks for the pavement in known to manufacturing jewelers that it scarcely requires numbers of engineers who have not had the opportunity to West Bay City. Abrams was cut in two by the boiler and observe for themselves to be a very common cause of explo- horribly mangled. Half of his body was thrown over a slab hardness as that of the gold generally employed for plating, sion. It may be stated thus: water being allowed to get pile 150 feet northwest, and the remainder to the north about and will roll out even with the gold without causing the too low, the plates become overheated and superheat the half the distance. His head was terribly disfigured. He latter to crack, thus obviating a trouble and an expense to steam, which, it was claimed, would contain a large quantity had been working here for two months as engineer. He was which manufacturers of jewelry have bitherto been subof heat. And here is where the fallacy lies, for steam has only between 35 and 40 years of age, and it is thought came from jected. The great usefulness of the Ajax metal in every apa limited capacity for heat in its gaseous state, and, of course. Caseville. Mr. Kealy was 25 years of age and a native of plication where toughness, hardness, tensile strength, and can yield no more than it contains to bodies that come in Bay City, having a wife and child. He had been engaged consequently great durability are requisite, promises a still contact with it in falling to the equilibrium due to the mix- by the contractor to saw the blocks, and was superintending wider field for its employment than we have briefly noted ture or to the contact. The theory then supposes that water the work when the boiler exploded. He was struck by a above, and its manufacture is probably destined to be ranked is mingled with the highly heated steam either by being piece of iron on the neck, and was almost beheaded. He was among our most prominent American industries. pumped in upon the hot plates and quickly evaporated, or blown about 50 feet north, and was afive when found, but projected in the form of foam into the hot steam, forming a died directly afterward. highly elastic vapor with explosive suddenness; or else the water remaining in the boiler below the heated plates is sud- the explosion, but was not struck by the flying pieces. He vide storage for 22,800,000 bushels. Their capacities are denly lifted by its contained heat and covers them, on a was, however, scalded very severely about the face and given as follows: New York Central, 2,300,000 bushels: relief of pressure occurring from sudden escape of steam shoulders. A 14 year old boy, named Will Craft, who was New York, Lake Eric, and Western Railroad, Jersey City, from the safety valve or by an open throttle valve on start- standing on a raft of logs to the eastward about 50 yards, 1,500,000 bushels; Pennsylvania Railroad, Jersey City,

from the known laws of heat, and others have since proved the wagon on which they rested, were blown in all directions. bushels; Grain Warehousing Association, Brooklyn, 6,000,000 by experiments the soundness of his conclusions. A writer The accident is the most terrible that has happened here in bushels; Robinson's Stores, Eric Basin, 2,800,000 bushels; in the journal above quoted declares that steam has been several years, and consequently there is no little excite- Pinto's Stores, Brooklyn, 1,000,000 bushels; Woodruff & superheated to a temperature corresponding to 900 pounds ment. per square inch of saturated steam, but not being saturated its pressure was less than 120 pounds per square inch. In the explosion was caused by low water and the incompetency this state sufficient water was injected to completely saturate of the men having the boiler in charge it, which, instead of causing an explosion, lowered the pressure to 70 pounds.

above referred to above, in reporting which the committee Benjamin Allen was badly scalded, but will probably recover. say: "We see that in no case was an increase of elasticity Two other employes were injured, but neither seriously, produced by injecting water into hot and unsaturated steam. The explosion is said to have been caused by the use of sulbut the reverse.

Some time previous to 1849 a gentleman of Brooklyn, N.Y.,

The absurdity of rating steam boilers by the extent of beated out of contact with water became transformed into a by boiling. Sulphydric acid may arise from sulphur water, the strokes of the engine piston. One hundred and seventy If, now, these had been a continuous boiler instead of strokes yielded sufficient water to fill a given measure; but separate vessels they would have had a common system of on admitting steam at a temperature of 440°, or somewhere tion, having copper for its base and possessing extraordinary steam. He therefore had a large engine built, and placed its business arrangement with the inventor; invested a large Mr. Perkins, some time about 1935, sought to establish the cylinder in the fire, which, of course, was soon destroyed, The experiments by a committee of the Franklin Institute, the demand of Mr. Frost, the discoverer of the supposed new furnishes this product in three different grades. body or new property of steam, for the Rumford medal, 1,580 units of volume at 212° Fah. became 1,600 when heated to 216° Fah., and 1,630 at 228°, and their decision was against metals known. A second grade is designed especially for

The experiments have been since carried to an exhaustive increases while in contact with the water of generation.

An Indiana correspondent some time ago seemed to miserly says, "a boiler will not explode merely from suddenly A second experiment was with a copper boiler, with simi-injecting a large quantity of cold water into the steam space;

Perkins' theory was doubted by Colburn, and figures were

A terrific boiler explosion occurred near the west end of West Bay City, and severely scalding Edward Finneron. brass, but very much stronger than that metal. But Mr. Perkins' favorite theory, as he put it, was The boiler was of the kind used for running thrashing

Finneron was standing by Mr. Kealy's side at the time of was struck on the hips by something, supposed to be a belt,

The boiler at Henry Moody's sawmill at Campbellsville, 9,713; malt, 82,273-total, 9,879,124. Ky., exploded August 29. Henry Gaines was killed instantly, The writer cited refers to the same experiments that are and John Fletcher and Samuel Cook were fatally injured. phur water in the boiler.

specification governing its award. He believed that steam that are precipitated when these waters become concentrated

The boiler of a thrashing machine exploded near Patoka,

#### AJAX METAL,

About sixteen years ago, Mr. Francis J. Clamer, after considerable research, hit upon a peculiar chemical amalgamaamount of capital in buildings and machinery; and, under the name of the Elkins Manufacturing and Gas Co., began the manufacture of the substance on a large scale. At the present time, we are informed that the daily production is amount. To meet the requirements of the various industries in which the Ajax metal is applicable, the company

One of these, and perhaps the most important, is for use in the manufacture of bearings for steam and horse cars and has proved it superior to any other metal or combinations of making steam and acid valves for use in coal-oil refineries, chemical works, and other industries where the application of ordinary metals for such purposes is attended with constant loss through corrosion.

The third grade is especially adapted for making fine orreproduced in the casting.

These various grades of the Ajax metal, which are furnished either in ingots or in castings made from patterns furnished the company, all possess the same characteristics of hardness and closeness of grain, and the same enormous tensile strength of 29,300 pounds to the square inch.

In addition to the foregoing, the company manufacture three grades of the metal in sheets. The first of these resembles 18-carat gold in color, and can be spun into almost any shape desired without annealing and without any danger of fire-cracking. It can be brazed with the bardest copper smith's solder without burning, and will take a very high polish, fully equaling that which is given to gold. The

The jeweler's plating composition, made by this same

#### Grain Storage in and around New York.

The great grain elevators and warehouses of this port pro-1,500,000 bushels; Dow's Elevators, Brooklyn, 2,500,000 This theory was first contested by Dulong upon deductions and knocked down. Pieces of the boiler and engine, and bushels; Hazeltine & Annan's Elevators, Brooklyn, 2,500,000 McLean's Stores, Brooklyn, 1,500,000 bushels; other eleva The jury of inquest returned a verdict to the effect that tors in New York and Brooklyn, 2,200,000 bushels.

The stock in hand August 27 was: Wheat, 3,882,051; corn, 3,070,716; oats, 2,817.638; barley, 7,041; rye, 9,692; peas,

### The Cost of Carclessness.

The report of the New York Board of Fire Commissioners just issued gives a very interesting table, showing the number of fires in the city between June 1, 1868, and January 1, 1881, which were distinctly traced to carelessness, and the Mineral waters should not be used in steam boilers; not so loss that has been sustained thereby. The principal items Some time previous to 1849 a gentleman of Blooklyn. The principal items claimed the Rumford Medal of Harvard University on much on account of the possibility of an explosive compound included carelessness of occupants with matches, lights, claimed the Rumford Medal of Harring to fulfill the being formed, as on account of the large amount of solids cigars, hot ashes, 4,689; children playing with matches, 887; account of a discovery which seemed to him to fulfill the

defective flues and furnaces, 687; bad arrangement of stoves, 275; escaped gas, 345; fat, varnish, etc., boiling over, 323; foul chimneys, 1,7:9; fireworks, 482; heat from grates or flues, 340; hot coals from grates, 133; incendiary, 347; kerosene lamps falling, 1,287; overheated stoves and pipes, 858; sparks from chimneys and engines, 900; spontaneous combustion, 457; vapor of naphtha, gasoline, etc., 88; window mischief, there is not one of them that might not bave been the average age of the three being a trifle less than 100 Tex. The invention consists in a metal band provided with prevented by ordinary care and forethought. It is estimated vears. that at least a hundred million dollars is the money value of the loss sustained.

#### IMPROVED DOUBLE-ACTING STEAM PUMP

and effective and reliable working has gained considerable favor in England. It is the specialty of Hulme & Lund, Manchester, and is particularly suitable for the drainage of deep mines, some pumps of this class being at work at the present time forcing water 1,200 feet vertically in one lift. Four substantial columns support the steam cylinders and serve at the same time as air vessels for the pumps. The steam valves are of the ordinary kind, worked directly from eccentrics on the shaft below. The water valves are furnished with separate bonnets or doors, and are therefore at all times capable of easy inspec tion. The flywheels are beavy, and are turned true, so that they run with accuracy and will carry a belt for driving purposes. In all parts the most suitable materials are employed. The connecting rods and shafts are made of the best scrap iron, the piston and valve rods of steel, and the glands, bushes, steps, eccentric straps, and water valves are all of the best gun metal. The pistons are furnished with metallic packing, and the joints throughout are planed and faced. All the working parts and the packings are easy of access and of ready adjustment. Pumps of this class are specially made, capable of pumping against any pressure up to 1,000 lb. per inch.

#### A Hoisting Engine without Drums.

A simple and effective hoisting plant has been put into an underground shaft of the Maria Colliery, near Hoengen, in the Wurm Dis trict. The endless wire rope reach ing down to the lowest part of the shaft, 886.5 feet deep, lies on a sheave placed directly over the shaft. The diameter of the sheave is made to correspond to the distance between the centers of the two hoisting compartments. The sheave has a very deep groove, so that the rope cannot slip. The cages, for two mine cars of 1,000 lb. capacity, are placed side by side, so that there is room for a wrought iron tube, through which the rope passes. The cages are fastened to the rope by strong screws. The two-cylinder hoisting engine is placed on a level with the center of

The engine, which is run by compressed air, has 13:4 inch which drives the air pump, and the sulphuric acid, the evapo-It is running with 60 lb. pressure, and can easily manage will notably diminish the expense of distillation. 200 tons per shift of 12 hours. It is noted that the machine occupies little room, because there are no drums, and the sheave need not be placed as high. The wear of the rope is less, because it is only bent once, and the position of the hoisting cages may be readily changed. The Zeitschrift für Berg., Huetten und Salinen-Wesen, from which we gather the details given above, calls attention to the fact, however, that in case of breakage, the cages and the rope would be a

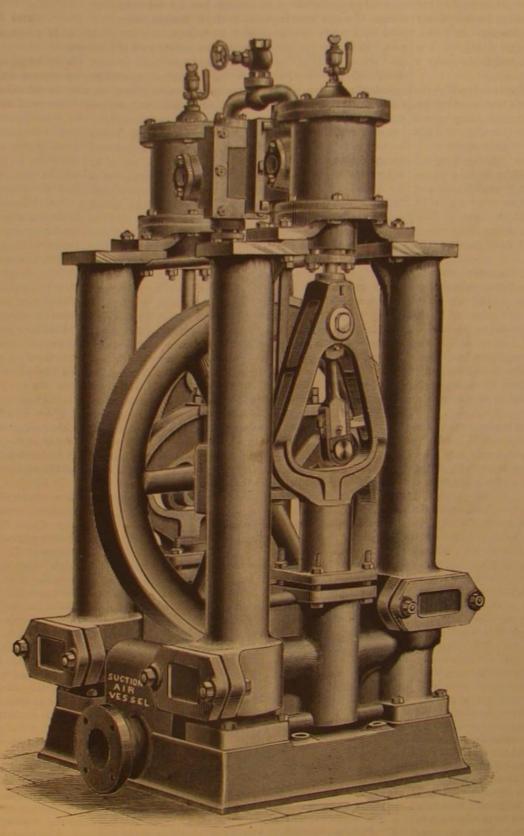
### Prolific and Long-Lived Families.

The Hartford, Conu., Post says that among recent applicants for life insurance was one of 53 years, whose fifteen living sisters were from 35 to 63 years old, their ages running

61, 63. Another applicant stated that he was 37 years of age, and that he had eleven brothers and ten sisters. His father died at the age of 65 years, but his mother was device for removing the motes that fall down from the saws living at 67 and was in good health. The ages of the chil of a cotton gin when the lint is being brushed off of the saws. dren, twenty-two in number, ranged from 16 years to 47. The invention consists in providing a cotton gin with a The applicant was a Virginian. A third case was of a man mote receiver, consisting of a longitudinally flanged cylin-32 years of age, who had eleven brothers and five sisters. der that straightens the cotton it leaves the saw, knocks curtains catching fire, 907; malicious mischief, 236. Of the His father was 68 years of age, and had just married his fifth the sand and trash out of it, and deposits the motes in a 17,500 fires that occurred in the city during the period wife. An applicant from Brooklyn belonged to a long-lived receptacle beneath it. named, about 15,000 are accounted for under some of the race. His father had died at the age of 80 years, his grand- A new and improved tie for bales of cotton, hav, wool. above heads. With the exception of incendiary or malicious father at 108, and his great-grandfather at 110 years of age, etc., has been patented by Mr. James L. Griffin, of Cusseta,

#### Dist Bing Alcohol by Ice.

coveries of the liquefaction of gases, announces the discovery revolution when the bale has been compressed sufficiently, The accompanying illustration represents a double-acting of a method of distilling alcohol by ice. Two kilogrammes



DOUBLE-ACTING STEAM PUMP

which acts upon cog wheels wedged on to each side of the less than a ton of ice will be required. The cost of produc- desks, and which at the same time will not interfere with rim of the sheave. Drums are thus entirely dispensed with. tion will include only coal for working the steam engine the opening and closing of the wardrobe beds. cylinders and 31 5 inch stroke, with a Farcot expansion gear. ration of which produces the ice. M. Pietet declares that this

### Large Cast Iron Wheels.

foundry, Wolverhampton, England, each wheel weighing 40 ties are to be formed throughout the State to assist in enforctons in the rim, and cast in one piece. The diameter is 26 ing the new fish law. Unless steps are speedily taken to feet; depth, 23 inches; and measure across the face, 15 prosecute the vandals who are using these torpedoes so inches. Each rim will have eight arms affixed, which will destructively in some of our streams, the fish will to a great weigh about 25 tons, making the total weight of each wheel extent disappear. 65 tons. Flywheels weighing 60 tons have been cast in this be impossible to convey such a ponderous piece of machinery feet or more, when they rise to the surface of the water. as follows: 35, 36, 38, 40, 42, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 55, 57, 59, The operation of casting occupied seven minutes.

#### NEW INVENTIONS.

Mr. Daniel D. Clark, of Mystic, Conn., has pstented a new

a series of longitudinal slots at each end in combination with a plate with a button fitting into these slots on its under side, this button being passed through the slots of the two M. Raoul Pictet, of Geneva, so well known for his dis overlapped ends of the strip or band, then turned a quarter

An improved saddle girth fastening and harness buckle steam pump which for simple but substantial construction of ice are needed for the production of a liter of alcohol; has been patented by Messes Isaac I. Lancaster and Homer

> A. Sears, of Goldendale, Washington Ter. The invention consists in a novel construction of a plate and a pair of pivoted spring pawls, a novel girth, and certain details of construction by which provision is made for securely and quickly tightening or loosening the girth.

Mr. William A. Lorenz, of Brook lyn, N. Y., has patented an upright piano case. The object of this improvement is to utilize the tops of upright piano cases for holding books, sheet music, etc., by making it possible to open a cover or lid for the purpose of increasing the volume of sound without disturbing the

Messrs. F. W. Jensen and Carl J. L. Olsen, of New York city, has patented an improved hospital bed. The improvement relates to the construction of the bedstead, and to devices combined therewith for the use of the sick person. The inventors use an iron frame bedstead, the bottom of which is formed by longitudinal rods sustained by cross bars and beld in place by nuts at their ends. The head and foot boards are bung in slots in the side rails, so that they can be adjusted or swung down out of the way to give free access to the person on the bed. Combined with the bed there is a swinging arm carrying a vessel fitted for being raised to carry the vessel through an aperture provided in the bed bottom and mattress. The bed is also fitted with devices for automatically removing and replacing the cover of the vessel as it is moved to and from its

An improved apparatus for removing snow and ice from streets bas been patented by Mr. Oscar F. Boomer, of Brooklyn, N. Y. The invention consists in laying steam pipes along the street gutters for receiving the exhaust steam from the boilers that are used for heating or mechanical purposes in the buildings bordering on the streets, or for receiving steam from other sources especially arranged for that purpose.

A combined desk and folding wardrobe bed has been patented by Mr. Ernest N. Doring, of New York city. The object of this invention is to furnish folding wardrobe beds provided with desks so constructed that they can be opened

the sheave and runs it through the medium of gearing, that is, for the distillation of 110 gallons of alcohol a little and used with as much facility as though they were only

## Destruction of Fish by Torpedoes.

The alarming destruction of the fish in many of the Indiana streams by means of dynamite torpedoes, has led to the organization of a State Fish Protection Society, of which Three flywheels have been lately cast at Mr. Lycett's Alexander C. Jameson is president. County and local socie-

The manner in which the dynamite fisherman operates is district before, and some of them with a diameter of 30 feet, to sink the torpedoes in the holes or deep water in the but it is believed that they have all been cast in either two or streams, and set them off with a fuse. The concussion is so four segments, one great reason for this being that it would great as to kill or stun all the fish within a radius of tifty en masse along a road. Casting them whole reduces the cost. The larger ones are then scooped up in nets, and the smaller remain to rot and taint the air.

#### WOODPECKERS.

construction of the beak, the feet, and tail. The beak is case (the only one studied as yet by the author) the pause constructed for chipping away the bark and wood, the feet giving them the power to hold fast to the trunk of the tree, and the tail to support them in position, which gives to their strokes the greatest force. Their beaks are long, powerful, straight, and pointed; their feet, formed for grasping, are set far back upon the body; their tails are short and stiff, and act as props when pressed upon the rough bark. Wood peckers were for a long time thought to be injurious to trees, but that prejudice naturalists now agree was wholly an error. Often, in walking through the woods or orchards, there will be seen strewn in profusion, at the foot of a tree, flakes of bark and chips of wood, sure signs of the wood pecker's industry. It looks as though a work of destruction was being carried on, but these flakes, having become separated from the living bark of the tree, were mere excres cences under which insects and their larvæ found shelter, and to obtain them for food the woodpecker removes the dead flakes of bark and wood, so that in reality, instead of being an enemy to the farmer, he is one of his most faithful servants.

The woodpecker makes its nest in a tunnel which it excatree, causes its center to decay; but if a perforation is made

will rush out, mixed with fragments of decayed wood, showing the extent of the damage done. This often occurs when a branch has been blown off close to the trunk; the woodpecker is quick to discover it, and begins to cut a tunnel.

Wilson and Audubon both state that many of our woodpeckers will excavate tunnels in apparently sound and undecayed wood, boring through several inches, till they reach the decayed portions of the center of the tree.

The burrowing powers of the great giant gray-bellied woodpecker are marvelous, its chisel-like beak having been known to chip splinters from a mahogany table, and to cut a hole fifteen inches in width through a lath-andplaster partition. Even the small downy woodpecker is able to bore its way through solid wood of a tree, making an ingenious nest, the burrows sloping for some six or eight inches, then being driven perpendicularly down the tree. The tunnel is barely wide enough to admit of the passage of the body of the bird. But the perpendicular hole is roomy, and is fitted up in a style sufficient to dignify it with the name of a chamber. The male and female woodpeckers labor alternately in the burrowing and making of the nest, but they find an implacable enemy in

standing their vehement and noisy expostulations

Picus principalis is distinguished by a superb red carmine perfect hearing is less important. crest and bill of polished ivory. This is indeed no common bird, but is a king among his kind. No fence rails for him to perch upon, but rather the tops of lofty trees, the giant pines of the cypress swamps, where the trumpeting notes and loud strokes awaken and reawaken the echoes. From Grawitz to the recent Surgical Congress at Berlin, which the base of some of these enormous pine trees cartloads dwelt also with the question of the transformation of innoholes that it would seem to be impossible that it was the work of birds.

#### The Sense of Hearing.

Some observations on hearing have been lately recorded, vision. Herr Urbanttschitsch, in Pfluger's Archiv, indicates a way of demonstrating "fatigue" of the ear. Two tubes having been adapted to the ears so that a given sound equally affects the latter, a strong tuning fork is vigorously sounded and brought to the mouth of one tube for a few seconds. It is then deadened somewhat, but not wholly, by touch. The ear on that side then fails to catch the weak sound, but if the fork be brought to the other tube the sound is heard distinctly. The fatigue passes off in two to they become established in the kidneys and in the liver, acfive seconds. A weaker tone of different pitch from the cumulating in foci, and causing swelling of the organ, same author has experimented with regard to the has been heard with in the muscles, then in the intestines, in the spleen, number of miles of navigation at present, 15,710.

for a little. The after sensation may come close upon the and, finally, in the brain and lungs. Grawitz, like the The peculiar characteristics of the woodpeckers are the other, or be separated from it by a short pause. In the latter varies up to fifteen seconds; then the sensation is revived, generally for five to ten seconds, then a pause and a renewal of the sensation, etc. Some persons have only one after sensation, while others have as many as six or eight. The time thus occupied (from cessation of the objective tone) is seldom over two minutes. A correspondent of the Cleveland (Ohio Leader has described some experiences of his own in hearing, never hears-e. g., the song of birds. A room might be full of canary birds all singing, but he would never hear a note, though he would hear the fluttering of their wings. Nor does he hear the hissing sound of the human voice. He was taught to make it, and he never makes it without effort. About a quarter of the sounds of the human voice he fails to hear; and he has to be guided a good deal by the motion sistance, which they transmit to their successors. - Lancet. of the lips and the sense of remarks made. The upper notes of musical instruments he misses, but he hears the lower ones. In the Pennsylvania Medical Society, once more, Dr. Turnbull has recently called attention to the danger to life and property arising from deafness on the part of follows railway men, a considerable minority of whom have car

vates in the unsound timbers. Water, when admitted to a affections resulting from the conditions of their work. After from official and other sources, tends to reduce the methods citing personal observations and the evidence collected by used to the following three: First, submersion of the vinethrough the trunk, gallon after gallon of dark brown water. Moon and Hirt, he recommended that all candidates for yard, when practicable; secondly, by employing insecticides;

WOODPECKERS.

ments are ready for occupancy, coolly takes possession, and the company's physician, who should also report to the supholds them against the builders and proprietors, notwith- erintendent each case of deafness discovered in locomotive

### Prophylactic Inoculation of Germs,

Prophylactic inoculation, which has been so carefully investigated in France, was the subject of communication by bread, milk, etc., develop in an acid mediun ordinary temperature. Inoculated in an animal, they rapidly die, being in uncongenial conditions; but by successive systematic cultivation Grawitz has succeeded in acclimatizing the fungi in a medium, such as the blood, of a decided alkawhich suggest striking analogies between that sense and line reaction, and at a temperature of 37° C. They are adaptation to their new conditions of existence.

more perfect, Grawitz has noted a progressive increase, not also in the localization of the local lesions. As soon as the spores are sufficiently adapted to the conditions of the blood,

French observers, has also found that the inoculation either of large doses of fungi of low "culture," or of smaller quantities of the organisms which have acquired more deleterious properties, will confer an immunity against future more virulent inoculations. Inoculation with uncultivated spores, not suited to the animal organism, confers no immunity

Grawitz attempts to explain these facts by the following theory. The organs are invaded by colonies of organisms, which remind one of color blindness. Certain sounds he in the order of the functional activity of their cells, taking as the measure of that activity the consumption of oxygen in a given time. He speculates that the germs in contact with the anatomical elements of the organism attack first those which have the least vital power of resistance, and somewhat fancifully suggests that the tissue elements, if successful in the struggle, acquire an increased power of re-

#### The Phylloxera in France.

Mr. C. H. Perceval, H. M. Consul at Bordeaux, reports as

"The information which I have gathered on this subject,

and, thirdly, where the vineyards have been destroyed, by the plantation of American varieties of vines, whose roots offer more resistance to the attack of the insect. M. Armand Lalande, the President of the Chamber of Commerce of Bordeaux, proprietor of extensive vineyards in the Mêdoc, a gentleman to whom I am much indebted for the information and assistance which he has been kind enough to afford me in drawing up this report, addressed a meeting of that body held in March last on various topics, and I translate the following from his remarks regarding the phylloxera: The Chamber of Commerce has not ceased to show the extreme importance which it attaches to all the means employable in combating this dreadful scourge. Of the 2,200,000 hectares which composed the vineyardsof France, 500,000 are destroyed, 500,000 others are greatly attacked; it is a loss of more than three milliards to the country. The Gironde is one of the departments which has suffered most; one third of the vineyards are destroyed; another third is badly attacked. We must admit, with sorrow, that the very sources of our commerce and of the wellbeing of our southern population are most seriously compromised. Still we have great hopes that, by energetic and

the saucy little wren, who, when the woodpeckers' apart railway service should be carefully tested as to hearing by intelligent efforts, we may be enabled gradually to arrest and repair the evil. For the very important vineyards of the Gironde, where submersion is possible, it is a sure rememen, so that they might be transferred to positions where dy, which is generally employed, and with invariable success. In the cases of vineyards already destroyed, the remedy seems to be to reconstitute them by planting American vines as stocks for grafting French cuttings on, which plan has been the subject of satisfactory and conclusive experiments for the last few years, especially in Languedoc. Where the vines are not too far gone, a judicious use of sulphur of carbon is a certain means of preservation, of bark have been removed, and the trees so perforated with cent into deleterious organisms. Fungi which grow in and, in most cases, practicable, owing to the moderation of the cost.

#### The Mississippi and Tributaries.

A pamphlet on the Mississippi River and its tributaries gives the following statement of the mileage of the navigable portion of each of the following-named rivers above its found to have then become infectious germs, the degree of mouth: Missouri, 3,129; Mississippi, 2,161; Ohio, 1,021; Red, their deleterious action being proportioned to their power of 986; Arkansas, 884; White, 779; Tennessee, 789; Cumberland, 900; Yellowstone, 474; Ouachita, 384; Wabash, 365; Alle-Inoculating rabbits with the products of cultures more and gheny, 325; Osage, 363; Minnesota, 295; Sunflower, 271; Illinois, 270; Yazco, 226; Black (Ark.), 112; Green, 200; St. only in the intensity of the disorders thus produced, but Francis, 180; Tallahatchie, 175; Wisconsin, 160; Deer Creek, 116; Tensas, 112; Monongahela, 110; Kentucky, 105; Bartholomew, 100; Kanawha, 94; Muskingum, 94; Chippewa, 90; Iowa, 80; Big Hatchie, 75; St. Croix, 65; Rock, 65; Black (La.), 61; Macon, 60; Bouf, 53; Big Horn, 50; atrong one is heard equally with both ears. Again, the and fatty degeneration of the cells. With still more highly Clinton, 50; Little Red, 49; Big Cypress and Lake, 44; Big strong one is heard equally with regard to subjective sendeveloped products of culture, colonies of parasites are met Black, 35; Dauchitte, 33. Total number of rivers, 33; total

#### A Balloon Experiment.

After waiting several days for favorable weather, Prof. King's balloon, "Great Northwest," was started on its way to the East from Minneapolis, Minn , September 12 Prof. just the same as the first, King was accompanied by Mr. Upton, of the Signal Service, cent, but a brief one, and the balloon came to ground in out of softer timber, providing this rule is observed. the woods near St. Paul. When the wind rose it was deemed too violent, and the project was abandoned.

#### Passenger Birds.

According to a writer in Nature, the small migratory birds that are unable to perform the flight of 350 miles across the Mediterranean Sea are carried across on the backs of cranes. In the autumn many flocks of cranes may be seen dish of a wheel, some claiming one-half of an inch, while edge, and a second guide face is arranged in the plane of the coming from the north, with the first cold blast from that others claim that one-fourth of an inch is sufficient. A wheel quarter, flying low, and uttering a peculiar cry, as if of alarm, as they circle over the cultivated plains. Little birds has been that three-quarters of an inch is not too much to of every species may be seen flying up to them, while the twittering songs of those already comfortably settled upon their backs may be distinctly heard. But for this kind provision of nature, numerous varieties of small birds would be come extinct in northern countries, as the cold winters would kill them.

#### Natural Gas in Iron Works.

A correspondent of a Pennsylvania paper thus describes the use of natural gas in the Kittanning (Pa.) Iron Works. The gas is brought from a well some three miles distant, in four inch casing, and at the mill is distributed among eighteen boiling furnaces. The furnaces are the same as those in which coal is used. The gas enters the rear of the furnaces in three small pipes, shaped at the end like a nozzle. There being quite a pressure, the gas enters with considerable force, and by means of dampers to regulate the draught, an intense and uniform heat is obtained. After a heat the furnace is cooled and prepared for the next heat, in the same manner as with coal. When the metal is in place the gas is turned on, and the operation of puddling is the same with the exception that it is somewhat slower.

The puddlers like the gas very much, as it reduces their labor to some extent, and they say they can make better weight than with coal. The furnaces being free from sulphur, a better quality of iron is produced, and it brings a slightly advanced price in the market. These furnaces have been running all the time for some months past, and have used nothing but gas for fuel, which has proved satisfactory in every respect, is found to be much cheaper than coal, and has demonstrated the fact that this vast amount of natural gas, now going to waste, might be used in all our iron manufactories,

Mr. R. L. Brown, having purchased another and larger well, has organized a stock company, and is about negotiating for the erection of a steel works, to be run with gas. Mr. Brown claims that he has a process by which he can manufacture steel of a superior quality and with less expense than by any process now in use.

Should this latter enterprise prove a success, the same parties who have control of the old Cowanshannock gas well propose to erect glass works, and will apply the gas to the manufacture of glass.

The gas which I have referred to as supplying the boiling furnaces is brought, as I said, a distance of three miles west of Kittanning, in East Franklin township, about ten miles from any oil development, the nearest oil well being at Great Leather. The gas well was put down two or three years ago as a test well for oil on the Reed farm; and was left to burn and go to waste until Major Beale and others bought the well with the idea of making lampblack. But the mill proposed to utilize it for fuel, and it has done so with the most satisfactory results. Only one half of the well's production is in fact consumed by the eighteen furnaces here described.

#### Notes on Wheel Making.

The first thing that gives way on a buggy is commonly the wheels. I have frequently seen new buggies go out of the shop, and before they had been out a dozen times the spokes would commence to squeak and work in the hub, or one or more of the wheels would dish back. The question then es, is the woodworker to blame, or is it the care of the smith in setting the tire, or does the fault lie in the The heaviest population is in the classes between 35 to 50 danger of injury. It is pliable and "leathery" in its characteristics and the smith in setting the tire, or does the fault lie in the selection of the timber used in making the wheels? Let us inches, which comprise 71 to per cent of the total populater, thus obviating any tendency to fracture from accidental try and see where the trouble lies.

mistake in the selection of his timber. Some have an idea densest settlement is in the class 45 to 50, which also contains extremely simple. It is first of all necessary to take means that they must have good spokes any way, but are not so the greatest absolute population. In this class also is the to prevent the developing solution from passing between the particular about the hub or rim; while others must have the greatest absolute increase in density. A rain-fall of 45 to sensitive film and the support. This is effected by drawing hardest hub they can find, saying: "I have got a fine set of 50 appears to best suit the purposes of wealth-making; the edges of the undeveloped tissue between the thumb and hubs, but mixed or forest growth spokes will do well for a larger number of our people have settled within an forestinger, which have been previously slightly greased with enough." Now we will see how such wheels turn out. We area having that fall than in any other. From the data above tailow. The film is then laid in a dish and developed in the find, after they have been run a short time, that around the given, we reckon that the total rain-fall in the United States, ordinary way. When the action of the developer is commortise of the hub the paint is cracked, the dish is out of exclusive of Alaska, in 1880, was 414,999,040,807,660,000 plete the solution is poured off and the negative washed the wheel, and the owner of the buggy is mad enough to cubic inches, or 1,796,532,642,000,000 gallons, which is kill the wheelmaker and blacksmith, and swears he never about double the water contents of Lake Erie and Lake are performed in the one dish, so that the film is submitted will pay the balance due on that buggy until he puts on a Ontario combined, these lakes containing 893, 158,008,000,000 to as little handling as possible. After a short immersion

softer timber than the first ones. He thinks these are good enough, but gets the best second-growth spokes he can find. The new wheels are finished, but in a short time they work

Now the difficulty in the first set was a soft spoke driven and five newspaper correspondents. The balloon rose about in a hub as hard as iron; while, in the second case, a hard 3,000 feet, and drifted slowly in a southeasterly course. It spoke was driven into a soft hub. Point first; Care must be dropped near Fort Snelling, and nearly fell into the Missis- taken to have the hub and spoke of the same hardness. sippi River. A liberal discharge of ballast secured another Point second: A tolerably good set of wheels can be made

> Next, wheels should be made with the spoke driven straight, and the tenon on the spoke should have but little together two pieces of leather in the manufacture of boots taper, as by driving spokes like a wedge into a hub they are and shoes, or in connecting parts of any other material, so more liable to work back and get loose

have them too long, for this prevents the tire from supporting the wheel.

A great deal has been said in the Hub about the proper with but little dish looks well to the eye, but my experience the other edge, and the distance between which two faces make a durable wheel. SCOTT SMALLWOOD.

Chicago, July 23, 1881.

#### Statistics of Cotton.

The report of Census Agent Eugene W. Hilgard, just submitted, shows the acreage and production of cotton by States for the year 1879, as follows

States.	Acres.	Bales.
Mississippi	2,093,330	955,808
Georgia	2 617,138	814,441
Texas	2,173,732	803,642
Alabama	2,330,086	699,654
Arkansas	1,042,976	608,256
South Carolina	1,364,949	522,544
Louisiana	864,787	508,569
North Carolina	893,153	389,598
Tennessee	722,569	330,644
Florida	245,595	54,997
Missouri	32,711	19,783
Indian Territory	85,000	17,000
Virginia	24,900	11,000
Kentucky	9.007	1.967

The average product per acre in pounds was:

Mississippi	States.	Seed Cotton.	Lint.	Cotton Seed.
Georgia         444         148         296           Texas         528         176         352           Alabama         429         143         286           Arkansas         831         277         554           South Carolina         546         182         364           Louisiana         837         279         558           North Carolina         621         207         414           Tennessee         651         217         434           Fiorida         318         106         212           Missouri         861         287         574           Indian Territory         693         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436				
Texas         528         176         352           Alabama         429         143         286           Arkaneas         831         277         554           South Carolina         546         182         364           Louisiana         837         279         558           North Carolina         621         207         414           Tennessee         651         217         434           Fiorida         318         106         212           Missouri         861         287         574           Indian Territory         693         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436	Mississippi	651	217	434
Alabama         429         143         286           Arkanass         831         277         554           South Carolina         546         182         364           Louisiana         837         279         558           North Carolina         621         207         414           Tennessee         651         217         434           Fiorida         318         106         212           Missouri         861         287         574           Indian Territory         693         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436	Georgia	444	148	296
Arkansas         831         277         554           South Carolina         546         182         364           Louisiana         837         279         558           North Carolina         621         207         414           Tennessee         651         217         434           Piorida         318         106         212           Missouri         861         287         574           Indian Territory         633         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436	Texas	528	176	352
South Carolina         546         182         364           Louisiana         837         279         558           North Carolina         621         207         414           Tennessee         651         217         434           Piorida         318         106         212           Missouri         861         287         574           Indian Territory         633         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436	Alabama	429	143	286
Louisiana         837         279         558           North Carolina         621         207         414           Tennessee         651         217         434           Florida         318         106         212           Missouri         861         287         574           Indian Territory         633         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436	Arkansas	. 831	277	554
North Carolina         621         207         414           Tennessee         651         217         434           Fiorida         318         106         212           Missouri         861         287         574           Indian Territory         693         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436	South Carolina	. 546	182	364
Tennessee.         651         217         434           Fiorida         318         106         212           Missouri         861         287         574           Indian Territory         693         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436			279	558
Fiorida         318         106         212           Missouri         861         287         574           Indian Territory         693         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436	North Carolina	621	207	414
Missouri         861         287         574           Indian Territory         693         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436	Tennessee	651	217	434
Indian Territory         693         231         462           Virginia         654         218         436	Piorida	318	106	212
Virginia	Missouri	861	287	874
ATTENNESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P	Indian Territory	693	231	462
Kentucky	Virginia	654	218	436
	Kentucky	729	243	486

#### Rain in the United States.

Mr. Henry Gannett, geographer of the tenth census, has issued a report showing the distribution of rain-fall throughout the United States and the distribution of population according to rain-fall. It appears that the highest annual or nearly the whole, of the silver is converted. rain-fall in the country has been 150 inches, which was reached for one year only in Puget Sound. The average annual fall upon the surface of the United States, exclusive greater rapidity and density. of Alaska, was, in 1880, 29 inches. This average implies a large area unfit for the purposes of vegetation, which with the rapid evaporation that occurs on this continent, requires a much higher ratio of moisture. Hence, population is found to center principally on such parts of our surface as have from 35 to 50 inches of rain. The following table from Mr. Gannett's compilations will show the relation between rainfall and number and density of population in the United

Inches of Rain-fall, Pop	Pop. per	Percentage of total Population.
	P55,680 12·4	1:70
	813,866 19-7	5.61
	311,502 29-1	8 60
	754,479 57-7	25 43
	357,292 40'1	22.65
	007,170 38-6	20.05
Mary and o'You's and o'Color of the Color of	993,336 2310	9.96
	179,136 87	2.35
MAN THE STREET STREET,	829,340 3-8	1.63
	537,313 13	1.07
To-mo	309,438 016	1.02
\$10-80	154,304 0'6	0.81

new set of wheels.

Well, the carriage maker goes to work and puts in a new set of hubs that he happens to have in the shop of much set of hubs that he happens to have in the shop of much within twelve months.

gallons. This will afford some idea of the extent of the upon a sheet of glass to dry. Here the great difficulty previously experienced in getting the films to dry flat has been

#### MECHANICAL INVENTIONS.

An improvement in pistons has been patented by Mr. Henry Waterman, of Brooklyn, N. Y. This improvement relates to pistons having their main portions formed by expansible rings carried by a central hub and face plates, The invention consists in the combination, with these essential portions, of devices that give solid and adjustable back. ing to the rings; also, in a metallic packing disk for the joint between the face plate and rings.

Mr. William P. Brosius, of Richmond, Va., has patented a seam gauge for determining the amount of lap in sewing that a uniform amount of lap is preserved and the line of In regard to the rims, great care should be taken not to stitching kept at the proper distance from and in parallel position with the edge. It is an improvement in that form of gauge in which a guide face is arranged to rest in the plane of one of the sections of work and bear against its other sections of the work and is arranged to bear against may be varied to regulate the width of the lap.

An improved nut lock has been patented by Mr. John B. Abernathy, of Covington, Ky. The invention consists in a nut provided with a threaded central recess or cavity in its upper surface to receive a central threaded projection of a second nut, which is screwed on the bolt after the first nut, the threads of the projection taking in those of the cavity, thus uniting the two nuts.

Mr. Samuel W. Evans, of New Orleans, La., has patented an improved apparatus for holding a hose nozzle in any position, thereby enabling a person to direct a stream of waterin any desired direction. The invention consists in a ring or sleeve for receiving the nozzle, and provided with trunnions journaled in uprights of a plate swiveled on an upright pivoted to a folding base frame, provided on the under side with spikes to prevent it from slipping.

#### Gelatine Emulsion.

Mr. A. L. Henderson, of London, lately gave a demonstration of the method of preparing a gelatino-bromide emulsion he has for some time past been working with great success, The following is his formula and method of working:

Make a solution of 200 grains of silver nitrate in 4 ounces of water, then add sufficient ammonia to redissolve the precipitate thus formed (about 21/2 drachms of ammonia are requisite for this purpose). This solution of ammonia nitrate of silver is now heated to about 100° Fah., and the following solution, also heated to about the same tempera. ture, is poured slowly into it (the mixture being stirred with a glass rod meanwhile): Gelatine, 1/2 ounce; ammonia-bromide, 150 grains; ammonia, 2 drops; water, 4 ounces.

The emulsion is now cooled as rapidly as possible, and then forced through a fine gauze disk, and washed by means of a stream of water. The emulsion thus obtained is of a grayish-blue tint, of a very fine grain, and extremely sensitive. The rapidity is increased in the same proportion as the silver nitrate is converted into ammonia ultrate, thus (for example), if 20 per cent only is converted into ammonia nitrate, the plate will not be nearly as rapid as if the whole,

Another important point in this process is that the bromide of silver is formed in an excess of silver, thereby giving

This emulsion is so rapid that even an Edwards lamp with a ruby chimney (that will stand the spectroscopic test) and two thicknesses of ruby paper is not too safe a light.

The emulsion may be converted into pellicle by pouring it slowly (after washing) into three times its bulk of alcohol, stirring meantime. The precipitated emulsion will cling round the rod in a spongy form, but by a little working with the hand the whole will be reduced to the size of a walnut, It must then be torn into small pieces and dried in a current of air. The weight of this quantity, when thoroughly dried, will be about 6 drachms.

This pellicle will keep an indefinite time, and when wanted for use has only to be redissolved in 10 to 12 ounces of water, and strained, when it is ready for coating.

### Photo Substitute for Glass.

Professor Stebbing, of Paris, has made a new film substitute for glass plates, which has been laid before the French Photographic Society. The basis of the support is gelatine, rendered insoluble, and the tissue is of such thickness as tion of the country, while the classes between 30 and 60 bending as would be the case possibly if the gelatine In the first place, the manufacturer may make a grand inches comprise 92% per cent of the population. The were more brittle. The development of these film negatives is overcome by Mr. Stebbing in a very simple way. When the can be compassed at a degree of heat less than 120° Fab. no distributing point, while New York is a market. New York film negative has been laid smoothly upon the glass a nar-injury will be done either to the stock of cotton or wool; eats most of the live stock she receives, while Chicago has row strip of gummed paper is laid along each edge, attaching but if a degree of heat greater than 120° is used, the fibers much more than she can masticate, and so sends it away. it firmly to the glass, so that when dry it is stretched per- are more or less baked and the yarn made harsh and brittle. Live stock usually stops over several hours in Chicago.

# Fire Risk from Spontaneous Combustion.—An Inven-tion Wanted.

The President of the Boston Manufacturers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, Mr. Edward Atkinson, states in a recent circular to millowners that since the beginning of 1878 the ate the risk both of spontaneous combustion and the injury bundred and fifty cars daily. dry-houses or finishing departments of print works, all caused by the spontaneous combustion of dyed cotton goods or varn. The loss to the millowners must have been much greater, since, as in the recent fire in the finishing and packing department of the Slater Mills, a comparatively small fire may seriously interrupt the business of a large establishment. Within the period mentioned there were nine other fires from spontaneous combustion of dyed goods, which were extinguished with little or no loss. All the fires of this held by many arboriculturists, that an open country is class occurred in the night or in the early morning before never converted into a forest through the operation of bell-time. In several cases the watchman passed the points natural causes, and, as establishing the fact that such change where the fires originated a little before the outbreak, and does sometimes occur, brings forward the case of the perceived no smell or other sign of fire. In one case a Shenandoah Valley. When first settled, about 160 years watchman entered a room in which there was a pile of dyed ago, it was an open prairie-like region covered with tall yarn upon the floor. There was no smoke or other sign of grass, on which fed herds of deer, buffalo, elk, etc., and fire; but as the watchman approached the yarn it burst into having no timber, except on ridgy portions of it; but in flames. The movement of the air, or the influx of fresh air consequence of its settlement, the annual fires were prewhen the door was opened, probably supplied the oxygen vented, and trees sprang up almost as thickly and reguneeded for rapid combustion.

According to a report of the Massachusetts State Assayer, Mr. S. Dana Hayes, to whom the question of the origin of surface with hard wood trees of superior excellence. These such fires was submitted, there are several colors produced facts would also seem to substantiate the theory that the for every hundred pounds of live weight the price per in calico print-works and in dye-houses which are sources treeless character of the prairies of the West is due to the of danger from combustion, and which should be most care- annual burning of the grass by the Indians. fully made and controlled. They are the colors developed, after the materials have been applied to the cloth or yarn, by chemical reactions in the tissues, with the production of heat, and also by the aid of heat applied to the fabrics in account of the epizootic of 1879-80: "Most authors are the aging boxes and chambers.

The development of these colors is believed to be obtained by oxidation-by the union of oxygen, derived from the has not as yet supplied sufficient ground for its condemnaatmosphere or from oxidizing ingredients of the color-mix- tion, and it is true that while a diminution of milk secretion ture, with the coloring matter itself, on the cloth-in much is usually an early symptom in almost all diseases of the cow, the same way that the oxygen of the air unites with linseed- complete suppression of that secretion accompanies any oil, when exposed upon rags or other porous materials, pro- aggravation or prolongation of disease. The source of danducing heat and "spontaneous" combustion. That danger- | ger is thus removed by the operation of natural causes, and ous chemical action goes on is proved by the increase of the discussion is narrowed to the question whether milk temperature, and, in the case of developing colors, by the secreted at the very onset may not have acquired hurtful disengagement of acetic acid and other vapors.

to a degree making combustion liable are: black made from boiling the milk should be adopted. Boiling destroys any aniline or its salts, and even in logwood and iron blacks; infective germs that it may contain." browns made from catechu, cutch, gambier, or terra japonica; iron buffs; indigo blue; and in preparing cloth with oil for Turkey red.

They may cause fires, and they often weaken fabrics unless the aging process is carefully watched.

spontaneously generated have proved to be automatic the Erie Road. The majority are shipped from Chicago, sprinklers and plastering overhead on wire lathing with the St. Louis, and Cincinnati, by dealers in those places who covering of exposed woodwork with tin. To prevent the are either interested with the sellers in New York or have loss incident to the injury of goods by over heating is not so their stock sold on commission, the charge for which is geneasy. The insurance company named above are convinced erally \$1.50 per head. The best bullocks for beef come at other points being discontinued, until they have narrowed that the problems involved must be reinvestigated in a this time of year from Ohio and Kentucky, and in the winter down to three large yards, one of which-Fortieth streetcomplete and systematic manner before any hope can be from Illinois and Missouri. reasonably entertained of economically preventing the risks and difficulties now encountered.

ate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, who, from those States, therefore, makes superior beef. A great under the supervision of Prof. John M. Ordway, will make many beeves are coming from the plains of Colorado, and a special study of the processes now in use to see if some general principles or methods cannot be determined of wider this time of the year are Texans and Colorado half-breeds. application than any now controlling the common practice.

The main fault in the usual methods of drying yarns, Mr. Atkinson believes to be that "no consideration has been thickly settled the Texas cattle become tamer and easier to given to the fact that air is merely an instrument which may be handle, but they are still the subject of a few stray "cuss used to take up moisture from the goods and carry it some- words" from drovers and butchers, where else; or that its power is greater or less, as such an instrument, not only in proportion to the heat imparted to the Texans, only smaller and neater. Some dealers buy the it, but in some measure in proportion to the removal of the Texas cattle and fatten them on corn in Illinois moisture already in it, before it is used."

so largely overlooked as Mr. Atkinson asserts; in other words, ana, Ky., fat many Texas steers on distillery refuse or that practical men would expect to dry yarn in air already saturated, however hot.

are significant. Mr. Atkinson says:

"In one case the air intended to be used for drying pur- when a corn-fed one will be in good condition. one case the air intended to be deed for drying part of the country has moved West however, is said to be from 50 cents to \$25. had already become saturated with moisture, and could only rapidly in the last few years, as the new States have been become a suitable instrument to take up more by being opened up, until now the most of the stock coming to this heated to excess. In another case, the same air has been market is raised west of the Mississippi. Kansas, Nebraska, heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess. In another case, the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are has been heated to excess and the same are had a same are had all the same are ha kept in circulation at a very night degree of hear, with an object of hear, with a black of hear. ventilation, and no chance for fresh air to come into the recome states are turning their attention to raising sheep and hogs finish to leather. The plant grows freely in almost any room except through cracks. In this case, the only deposi-tion of moisture of any great moment must have been at as more profitable. Chicago is the great cattle depot of the kind of soil, and the flowers are much used when dry as a night, when the room became cooler."

feetly tight; the paper can then be cut and the negative Most of the drying of dyed cotton and dyed yarn is now and is again unloaded, watered, and fed at Pittsburg, or done at a higher temperature than 120°, and it is commonly some other point on the way to New York. The trains ar-

> invention by means of which yarn can be dried at a low put in loose with no stalls. Extra floors are put in for sheep temperature, and the heat developed in the oxidation of and hogs. The cars hold fifteen to nineteen native bullocks dyes in yarns and fabrics carried off so rapidly as to obvi- or twenty to twenty-five Texans. The arrivals are nearly a of fabrics by internal heating. Our inventive readers will do well to think of it. Meantime it is to be hoped that The buyers are wholesale slaughterers and shippers. These managers of print-works will further wherever possible the glance through the yard, look at the bulletin of animals, and investigation which the insurance company's expert is mak- then begin to bargain for some lot of cattle which has struck ing. Prof. Ordway's report of results cannot fail to be their fancy. If the supply is small, however, they will not valuable.

#### Spontaneous Forests.

A writer in a West Virginia paper combats the opinion, larly as if seed had been planted. These forests, having that is, a lean animal would be estimated to dress fifty-three been preserved by the farmers, cover now a large part of the

#### Boil Doubtful Milk.

It is with the following words that Dr. Pichon closes his silent as to the quality of the milk yielded by cattle during the prevalence of epizootics. It is possible that experience properties. In this state of uncertainty, which has not been The color dyes in the aging of which heat is developed cleared up by any authority on hygiene, the precaution of

#### How Our Fresh Meat is Handled.

A prominent dealer in live stock gives the Tribune the fol-These colors are produced by oxidation, and are there- lowing facts and figures relative to the trade in cattle, sheep, and hogs in and around this city:

The cattle come to Jersey City mostly by the Pennsylvania Railroad, which brings the cattle shipped by the Balti-

The breeds are usually natives or grade Shorthorns and Durhams. Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, and Kansas are the To further such investigations they have engaged a gradu- States where the most corn is fed to bullocks, and the stock are very fair stock. About 40 per cent. of the arrivals at They are composed in a great measure of bone and horn, phate until both tallow and ink have disappeared. and usually bring very low prices. As the country is more

The Cherokee cattle raised by the Indians are much like always advisable to make a blank experiment first, It seems scarcely credible that this obvious truth has been | Cincinnati, Chicago, Sterling, and Peoria, Ill., and Cynthi-"slops"-the grain after it has been distilled. This feed But facts are stubborn things, and facts like the following that the meat of this kind is softer and more flabby, and that a distillery-fed animal will die in very warm weather,

ight, when the room became cooler."

Country, and handles about 30,000 head a week, while New Substitute for shoe-blacking. They may be used with or Mr. Atkinson states as a well ascertained fact that if drying York's average was, last year, 13,018. But Chicago is a without a brush.

held that a less heat would not dry with sufficient rapidity.

There is obviously an opportunity here for a profitable open or "slatted," and the animals are found to ride best

At daylight the sales begin and last till about 12 o'clock. bargain long, for fear a rival may step in and "leave them in the cold." There are three market days at the cattle yards-Monday, Wednesday, and Friday-Monday being the principal one. At one time Sunday was the principal day for selling cattle. When a slaughterer has selected his cattle they are driven up to the scales, on which about forty can be weighed at once.

A well-fatted native steer will weigh from 1,200 to 1,500 pounds; occasionally they go as high as 2,500 pounds. The dealers in New York have a curious way of selling bullocks, which is different from any other market, and as unique in its way as the tenaciousness with which the New York potato dealers cling to the "York shilling" in their business. A bullock is sold at its dress weight before it is dressedto fifty-five pounds a hundred, a good one fifty-six to fiftynine, and fancy ones sixty to sixty-two pounds. Thus, pound of dressed beef is charged on the number of pounds the animal is estimated to dress a hundred.

The Jersey City Stock Yards are owned by the Central Stock and Transit Company, and they are a heavy-paying investment. The charge for every head of cattle coming to the yard is 45 cents, called "yardage," and this pays for very little more accommodations than a railroad company usually furnishes for nothing in the shape of depots. The company also charges \$2.50 per hundred for hay, an outrageous price, but one which the cattle men are compelled The charges are about as heavy at the other principal market of this city, the Sixtieth-street yards, the two being virtually under the same management. The Sixtieth-street yards accommodate particularly the stock coming over the New York Central and Eric railroads, and nearly as many cattle arrive there as at the Jersey City yards. The method of handling and selling is the same

The hog yards for the New York Central Railroad are situated at Fortieth street and Eleventh avenue, where about 10,000 hogs are now arriving and being slaughtered every week. New pens for the brutes are building, which will lessen the inevitable smell from the swine. They are shipped mainly from Chicago, which now far eclipses Cincinnati in its hog traffic, and which handles from 100,000 a week in summer to 50,000 and 60,000 a day in winter.

The supply of sheep is divided about equally between Jer-The most effective means of preventing loss from fires more and Ohio from Southern points. Many also come by Ohio, Indiana, and New York. Lambs now are arriving mainly from Kentucky and Virginia, and they later will come from New York State and Canada. The stock yards around New York have changed a great deal in the past few years, the old ones at Communipaw, Weehawken, and is solely for swine.

### To Remove Ink Stains.

The Journal de Pharmacie d'Anvers recommends pyrophosphate of soda for the removal of ink stains. This salt does not injure vegetable fiber and yields colorless compounds with the ferrie oxide of the ink. It is best to first apply tallow to the ink spot, then wash in a solution of pyrophos-

Stains of red aniline ink may be removed by moistening the spot with strong alcohol acidulated with nitric acid. Unless the stain is produced by eosine, it disappears without difficulty. Paper is hardly affected by the process; still it is

### Pearl Hunting in Tennessee.

The search for pearls in the mussels of Ohio has been a and Missouri, and so make fair beef of them. Others, in considerable industry for years. The Nashville American reports an outbreak of pearl hunting in Stones River, Rutherford County, Tennessee. Not less than 500 people were engaged daily in raking the bottom of that stream, delving makes healthy meat of fair quality. Some say, however, down in the mud for mussels, which are piled along the banks, opened, and critically examined for the treasures contained in many of them. One pearl is reported for which \$80 was paid in New York. The general range of value,

#### A Shoe Black Plant.

The "shoe-black plant" is the popular name of the

neer, has resigned the superintendence of the machine works of Messrs. Rex & Bockius, of Philadelphia, and assumed the superintendence and general management of the Franklin Machine Works. R. S. Menamin proprietor, 517 to 521 Minor street. Philadelphia. Mr. Felster still continues designing and constructing special machinery for various purposes. Mr. H. P. Feister, the well known mechanical engi

### Business and Personal.

The Charge for Insertion under this head is One Dollar a line for each insertion; about eight words to a line. Advertisements must be received at publication office as early as Thursday morning to appear in next issue.

Draughtsman's Sensitive Paper, T.H. McCollin, Phila., Pa. Electric Lights.—Thomson Houston System of the Arc type. Estimates given and contracts made. 631 Arch, Phil. Paragon School Desk Extension Slides. See adv. p. 204. Foot Lathes, Fret Saws, 6c, 90 pp. E, Brown, Lowell, Mass.

Wanted—Two First-class Machinists. Address W. W. Oliver, Buffalo, N. Y.

Common Sense Dry Kiln. Adapted to drying all kinds of material where kiln, etc., drying houses are used. See

Small Machine Shop for Sale. Established 1873. List free. E. Side, 370 S. First St., Brooklyn, E. D., N. Y.

For Sale, -Fast 42 foot Propeller Yacht and 50 foot Side-wheeler. S. E. Harthan, Worcester, Mass.

The advertiser, an electrician, experienced in the practical construction of electrical instruments, wishes a situation. Moderate salary expected. Address Electrical Worker. Box 775, New York.

"How to Keep Bollers Clean," and other valuable in-formation for steam users and engineers. Book of sixty-four pages, published by Jas. F. Hotchkiss, 84 John St., New York, mailed free to any address.

Alden Crushers. Westinghouse Mach. Co., Pittsb'g. Pa. Supplement Catalogue.-Persons in pursuit of inforsappement Catalogue. Persons in pursual of information on any special engineering, mechanical, or scientific subject, can have catalogue of contents of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT sent to them free. The SUPPLEMENT contains lengthy articles embracing the whole range of engineering, mechanics, and physical science. Address Munn & Co., Publishers, New York.

Combination Roll and Rubber Co., 27 Barclay St. N. Y. Wringer Rolls and Moulded Goods Specialties.

Punching Presses & Shears for Metal-workers, Power Drill Presses, \$25 upward. Power & Foot Lathes. Low Prices. Peerless Punch & Shear Co., 115 S. Liberty St., N. V. Improved Skinner Portable Engines. Eric, Pa.

The Eureka Mower cuts a six foot swath easier than a side cut mower cuts four feet, and leaves the cut grass standing light and loose, curing in half the time. Send for circular. Eureka Mower Company, Towanda, Pa.

For Machinists' Tools, see Whitcomb's adv., p. 173.

Pure Oak Leather Belting. C. W. Arny & Son, Manufacturers, Philadelphia. Correspondence solicited.

Presses & Dies. Ferracute Mach. Co., Bridgeton, N. J.

Split Pulleys at low prices, and of same strength and appearance as Whole Pulleys Vocom & Son's Shafting Works. Drinker St., Philadelphia. Pa.

Peck's Patent Drop Press. See adv., page 204. Wood-Working Machinery of Improved Design and Workmanship. Cordesman, Egan & Oo., Cincinnati, O.

Diamond Planers. J. Dickinson, 64 Nassau St., N. Y. Experts in Patent Causes and Mechanical Counsel. Park Senjamin & Bro . 50 Astor House, New York.

4 to 40 H. P. Steam Engines. See adv. p. 189. Maileable and Gray Iron Castings, all descriptions, by Erie Maileable Iron Company, limited. Erie, Pa.

National Steel Tube Cleaner for boiler tubes. Adjust

sble,durable. Chalmers-Spence Co.,10 Cortlandt St., N.Y. Cope & Maxwell M'I'g Co.'s Pump adv., page 189.

Corrugated Wrought Iron for Tires on Traction Engines, etc. Sole mfrs., H. Lloyd, Son & Co., Pittsb'g, Pa. Best Oak Tanned Leather Beiting. Wm F. Fore-paugh, Jr., & Bros., 581 Jefferson St., Philadelphia, Pa. The I. B. Davis Patent Feed Pump. See adv., p. 205.

Nickel Plating, -- ole manufacturers cast nickel anodes, pure nickel salts, importers Vienna lime, crocus, etc. Hanson & Van Winkle, Newark, N. J., and 92 and 94 Liberty St., New York.

Presses, Dies, Tools for working Sheet Metals, etc Fruit and other (an Tools. E. W. Bliss, Brooklyn, N. Y Rollstone Mac. Co.'s Wood Working Mach'y ad. p. 157.

The Sweetland Chuck. See illus. adv., p. 172. Machine Knives for Wood-working Machinery, Book Binders, and Paper Mills Also manufacturers of Solo-man's Parallel Vise, Taylor, Stiles & Co., Riegelsville, N.J.

Skinner's Chuck. Universal, and Eccentric. See p. 173. For best Portable Forges and Blacksmiths' Hand Blowers, address Beffalo Forge Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Brown Antomatic Cut-off Engine; unexcelled for workmanship, economy, and durability. Write for information. C. H. Brown & Co., Fitchburg, Mass.

For the manufacture of metallic shells, cops, ferrules,

Leather Belting, Rubber Belting, Packing and Hose Manufacturers' Supplies. Greene, Tweed & Co., N. Y. Brass & Copper in sheets, wire & blanks, See ad, p. 204.

The Chester Steel Castings Co., office 407 Library St., Philadelphia, Fa., can prove by 15,000 Crack Shafts, and 15,000 Gear Wheels, now in use, the superiority of their Castings over all others. Circular and price list free.

Clark & Heald Machine Co. See adv., p. 206. Biake's Belt Studs. The best fastening for leather and robber helts. Greene, Tweed & Co., 118 Chambers Mt., N. 1

For Mill Mach'y & Mill Furnishing, see illus. adv. p.204. Wm. Sellers & Co., Phila., have introduced a new injector, worked by a single motion of a lever.

Don't buy a Steam Pump until you have written Vailey Machine Co., Easthampton, Mass.

Wren's Patent Grate Bar. See adv. page 205.

Use the Vacuum Olls. The best car, lubricating, engine, and cylinder oils made. Address Vacuum Oil Co., No. 3 Rochester Savings Bank, Rochester, N. Y.

Supplee Steam Engine. See adv. p. 204.

The Improved Hydranlic Jacks, Punches, and Tube Expanders. R. Dudgeon, 24 Columbia St., New York. Eagle Anvils, 10 cents per pound. Fully warranted.

Geiser's Patent Grain Thrasher, Peerless, Portable and Traction Engine. Geiser M"g Co., Waynesboro, Pa. Tight and Slack Barrel machinery a specialty. John Greenwood & Co., Rochester, N. Y. See illus. adv. p. 205. New Economizer Portable Engine. See illus. adv. p. 205. Renshaw's Ratchet for Square and Taper Shank Drills. The Pratt & Whitney Co., Hartford, Conn.

C. B. Rogers & Co., Norwich, Conn., Wood Working Machinery of every kind. See adv., page 206.

For Shafts, Pulleys, or Hangers, call and see stock kept at 79 Liberty St., N. Y. Wm. Sellers & Co.

Saw Mill Machinery. Stearns Mfg. Co. See p. 205. For the best Diamond Drill Machines, address M. C. Bullock, 80 to 88 Market St., Chicago, Ill.

Fire Brick, Tile, and Clay Retorts, all shapes. Borgner & O'Brien, M'f'rs, 23d St., above Race, Phila., 1

Barrel, Key, Hogshead, Stave Mach'y. See adv. p. 222.



HINTS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No attention will be paid to communications unless accompanied with the full name and address of the

Names and addresses of correspondents will not be ven to inquirers.

We renew our request that correspondents, in referring to former answers or articles, will be kind enough to name the date of the paper and the page, or the number of the question.

Correspondents whose inquiries do not appear after a reasonable time should repeat them. If not then published, they may conclude that, for good reasons, the Editor declines them.

Persons desiring special information which is purely of a personal character, and not of general interest, should remit from \$1 to \$5, according to the subject, we cannot be expected to spend time and labor obtain such information without remuneration.

Any numbers of the Scientific American Supple-MENT referred to in these columns may be had at this office. Price 10 cents each.

(1) M. Z. asks: Can you please tell me through your valuable paper the greatest number of tons that ever an ocean steamship carried, and what is the name of the same ? A. The Great Eastern had the greatest tonnage capacity, but we do not know the greatest tonnage she has actually carried.

(2) A. R. M. asks for a simple method of testing and assaying silver ores. A. Charge into a six-ounce crucible (a Battersca Fanswers very well) one ounce each of the ore and dry bicarbonate of soda, two ounces of litharge (free from silver), half an ounce of argal, and cover with a quarter of an inch of 'dry salt. Heat the crucible until the contents are in a quiet state of fusion; remove from the fire, cool, break, and clean the lead button-by pounding on an anvil. If the button weighs more than, say, half an ounce, scorify it down in a scorifying dish in an open muffle. Heat 114 inch bone ash cupel in the muffle, drop into it the button, and keep up the temperature of the muffle to a bright red heat until all the lead has been scorified off and absorbed by the copel, and the small bead of gold or silver (if the ore contains any) becomes well rounded The ore must be finely powdered, and the whole of it passed through an eighty-mesh sieve.

(3) A. G. wants to know how to recover silver from old solutions. A. Precipitate the warm it is so, would not putting in ground wire (connected solution by addition to it of common salt; allow it to with all wires and running down into the ground) make ettle, decant the clear liquid, and throw the precipitate together with several scraps of zine, into warm dilute sulphuric acid. When the chloride is all reduced, pick remainder of the zinc, decant and press out the liquid from the precipitate, dry, mix it with a little borax, glass, and powdered resin in a small clay cruci-ble, and heat to complete fusion. Cool and break the crucible; the sliver will be found as a button in the bottom. With a small crucible, a good fire in an ordinary cooking stove will answer for the fusion

(4) E. J. S. asks how to silver plate iron and steel. A. Dissolve 12 oz. cyanide of potassium and 1 filter, and suspend in this bath the chemically clean work and a plate of pure silver, exposing a surface somewhat larger than that of the work. Connect the work with the negative or zinc pole of a small Daniell Do you think acoustic telephones are good for one to Out-off Engine. See adv., page 204. or Smee battery of two or three cells by means of a one and a half miles? A. Under favorable circumstoot copper wire, and join the silver plate in a similar For the manufacture of metallic shells, cops, ferrules, blanks, and any and all kinds of small press and stamped work in copper, brass, sinc, fron or tin, address C. J. Godfrey & Son, Union City, Conn. The manufacture of small wares, notions, and novelties in the above line, a spetraces of oil, rinsing in running water and scouring with ide of potassium solution; then quickly rinsing again, and without fingering, placing in the bath, and in circuit. A somewhat weaker (in silver) bath, called the "whitening" bath, and a stronger battery, is generally used to whiten or throw on the first film of silver. The proportions for this are: Cyanide of potassium, 1 ib.; chioride of silver, a quarter of an ounce (troy). the silver runs on dark, use a weaker battery, or break the current so as to give alternate intervals of rest. Thirty minutes ordinarily suffices when a battery of hree or four Smee cells, plates 1x4 inches, are used. the whitening process an additional cell or more is employed. Iron takes silver better after having received a light deposit of copper. The metal must be freed from oxide by pickling in dilute acid and scouring with sand. For coppering a slightly acid bath of the sul-phate and a strong battery may be used. making a Leclanche battery. A. Place in a porous cell on them or on the glass? A. It is pasted on the paper a rod or plate of caroon, and all the cell with coarsely linductors. phate and a strong battery may be used.

(5) N. W. writes: In building a dry room to dry lumber, is it best to admit the dry air in at the top, and take the moist air out at the bottom of the coom, or vice versa ! Is not the moist air the heaviest, and will it not consequently fall? A. Admit the dry air at the bottom. The levity of the moist air will be sufficient to carry it off with a proper flue or chimney.

(6) J. H. asks: What is the best apparatus in use for heating 30 or 30 gallons of water quickly, by gas or oil? A. We think a coil of iron pipe in a furnace alongside your tank, with the water circulating through the coil into the tank,

(7) C. E. B. asks for a cheap preparation that could be applied to strawboard in form of a bath that would prevent dew and rain from injuring berry boxes made of it. A. A dilute solution of shellac in alcohol is the best coating we think of. See article on waterproofing in No. 6, current volume

(8) A. S. P. asks: What space would a cubic foot of gas (atmospheric pressure) occupy at six atmopheres, and formula for finding above? A. Approximately, the space occupied is inversely as the pressure; or one cubic foot at one atmosphere would occupy oneeixth of a cubic foot at six atmospheres.

(9) E. M. J. asks how to make tracing cloth. A. Wagner's tracing cloth is said to be pre-pared as follows: Boiled bleached unseed oil, 20 lb.; lead shavings, 1 lb.; zinc oxide, 5 lb.; Venetian turpen-tine, half a lb.; boil for several hours, then strain, and dissolve in the strained composition 5 lb. white gum copal. Remove from the fire, and when partly cooled add parified oil of turpentine sufficient to bring to the Moisten the cloth thoroughly in benzole, and then give it a flowing coat of the varnish.

(10) A. L. asks: 1. Is asbestos packing for stuffing boxes in general use in the United States ? A. Yes. 2. Who are the principal manufacturers? A. See our advertising columns. 3. I am told the raw material comes from Canada. Could you give me the name of the place? A. It comes from mines or quarries on the north side of the Ottawa River.

(11) W. H. F. asks what kind of wood is used in a piano into which the screws for receiving the wires are inserted? Is it one piece, or several layers glued together? Must the screws have a deep cut or a fine one? Which is the best wood for this purpose? A. Use maple wood, with a veneering of the same about three-eighths of an inch thick, glued to the front face, and having the grain at right angle with the back. Your cheapest plan for the screws is to buy them at any piano hardware store ready made.

(12) H. asks: 1. In making the secondary of an intensity coil out of 7 oz. of No. 34 (B & S) gauge silk insulated copper wire, insulated from and wound over a primary, 7 inches long, of No. 14 wire, about what length of spark could I get, using a battery power of six carbon cells? A. Your primary wire is rather coarse. You should use three layers of No. 16. If the coil is properly made and provided with a condenser, you hould get a spark one inch long. 2. Could I continue to wind one pound of the fine wire, without changing any of the other conditions of the coil, and get a larger spark? Or what changes would I be obliged to make in the other parts of the coil to meet the added half-pound of induction wire? A. You might increase the qu of secondary wire with advantage. 3. In making an intensity coil for a large spark, would I have to ploy coarser wires and very much increased battery

(13) G. E. M. asks how much difference the expansion and contraction of a steel railroad rail makes in its length when in use during an average year in this latitude. A. For difference of extremes in temperature of 130° Fah., will be about one-eighth of an inch in 12 feet, or on a 36 foot bar say three-eighths of

(14) J. M. K. writes: 1. It is claimed by some that lightning strikes wire fences very easily; if a sare remedy? A. A ground wire connected with all of the wires, with its lower end buried in earth that is continually moist, and surrounded by coke or tin scraps to increase its underground conducting surface, would carry off the current. 2. How far should the ground wires be apart? A. About 500 feet. 3. Is copper better for the conducting rods in lightning rods than iron? A. Yes, but iron is cheaper, and if a larger conductor of iron be used, it is just as efficient. 4. Some parts of my portable boiler and engine are run over with waste oil (lard oil) which is burned hard, and I would like to have it removed, as the paint underneath is not spoiled. Can you tell me how to remove it? A. We know of no way of removing the oil without removing the paint un

(15) W. E. T. asks: 1. What kind of iron is suitable for making the cores of magnets? My manual says soft iron. Does that mean common or refined fron? If not, where can I procure the right kind? A. Common refined iron answers very well if theroughly an-nealed. Heat it red hot and bury it in ashes, allowing it to remain until cool. 2. How many feet of wire do I want to make a common magnet, and about what number? A. It depends upon the size of the magnet and the purpose for which it is to be used. For a small magnet for experimental purposes, a core wound with No. 22 wire answers very well. 3. Would silkcovered wire be better than uncovered? A. Yes, it should be silk or cotton covered. 4. How many thick thickness of the wire coll may generally be equal to

powdered black oxide of maganese and clean coke o retort carbon. Seat the cell, leaving two index for the air to escape when the battery is set up; place the porous cell in a jar containing a saturated solution of sal ammoniae, and place in the sal ammoniae solution a rod of amalgamated zine. 2. We'l Fuller's mercury bichromate battery do for gold or silver plating?

A. No; it is not intended for continuous work. See Batteries, in SUPPLEMENT, Nos. 157, 258, and 159.

(17) F. K. asks for the compositions of red brass. A. Red brass—89 parts of copper, 11 parts of zinc. Red bronze—86 parts of copper, 11 parts of zinc, 3 parts of tin.

(18) N. O. M. asks: Is there any resistance to overcome in a dynamo electric machine except that caused by friction? A. Friction is an inconsiderable element in the resistance of a dynamo electric machine. The resistance due to the attractive power of the field magnet exerted on the armature is enormous, and it takes a great deal of power to revolve the armature when the circuit of the machine is closed

(19) J. D. asks: 1. What is the best polish to use in polishing the inside of gun barrels with? A. Emery flour, with a very little oil, is about as good as anything. 2. What is the best oil to use to prevent gun barrels from rusting? A. Pure sperm, or sperm mixed (by aid of heat) with about three per cent of paraffine wax. 3. What is the best polish for a walnut gun stock 7 A. Good clear shellac varnish rubbed on with a rag very slightly oiled.

(20) D. N. M. asks: 1. Will the stain recommended for fishing rods, in answer to J. B. A. (4), No. 8, anwer for worn gun stocks ? Is the preparation solid or Uquid? The stocks are white wood; I want them brown. A. The preparation is liquid, and can be advantageously used for the purpose mentioned. 2. I have found a sort of jelly fish, or radiata, in the Ohio attached to a water-soaked log. The outside is covered with fern-like spines, very clear and about half an inch long. Are these of any value? A. The animal described is common and not valuable

(21) In answer to the query of S. S., p. 172 (11), current volume about treating over-salted hams, etc., D. N. M. says: "Immerse the hams for about fifteen hours in cold sweetmilk, rinse with water, and sweeten with sugar or sugar curing. Ham or bacon left in milk over night is much improved in taste." C. E. B. says: "Soak the meat twenty-four hours in cold water, then put the pieces down in a barrel, with a weight on top to keep them down, and pour over them a pickle prepared from: Water, 6 gallons; brown sugar, b.; saltpeter, 4 oz .- boiled together and cooled. Pickle in this four to six days, then take out and smoke

(22) F. F. J. asks: Can you inform me what substance I can apply to a wooden surface proba-bly best in the form of paint, which, when dry, shall afford a light-colored surface which will allow a pencil mark to be made upon it, and then easily erased by moisture? A. We know of no colorless substance or composition that will satisfactorily answer the requireents. A white tablet surface varnish is prepared by mixing very finely ground clear quartz or glass, with a dilute alcoholic solution of pale shellac. It may be applied as a paint, and dries quickly. A sirupy solution of water glass can be made to take the place of the shellac varnish in the above receipt, but it dries slowly.

(23) J. V. asks: 1. For a covering for steam pipes. A. Hair felt, wool felt, or wool carpets, new or old, make good covering. There are many fancy and patent coverings, but you could not probably get them readily. 2. Also, for scale preventive for boilers. A. We cannot say what you should use without knowing the character of the scale or the water.

(24) N. H. writes: 1. I am thinking of building a steam buggy, and wish to have your of on it. I propose to have two horizontal iron tubes about 7 inches diameter for the foundation or reach, one to be a reservoir for water, the other for petroleum, the boiler to be between them, with furnace underneath; the engine (2x3) to be fastened on top of boiler, and all suspended on springs from hind axle, which will be above, and driven by belt or flexible shaft from engine. The buggy will be longer and have lower front wheels The buggy will be longer and marchen do for fuel? A. Yes, it can be used successfully. 2. Will it have to be blown in in fine spray? A. The best mode must be determined by experiment. 3. Can a furnace be made to consume the smoke while running? A. Yes, partially. t. Has any person made a practical steam buggy; if not, is there any reason why one could not be made as suggested. A Not that we are aware of. We do not know of a successful attempt. The weight of the complete vehicle is a great objection.

(25) J. W. G. writes: I have a three story heater on the bottom of this pipe? The building i neater on the bottom of this pipe? The building is 40x50 feet, 11 foot stones. How many square feet of heating surface would I need? The engine is 16x24, 75 revolutions, slide valve. A. Yes; you can heat the mill in that way. You should apply to some party who is engaged in putting up steam heating apparatus for best arrangement of pipes. To do this properly requires a received a comparation of the heating and the contract of the state of the quires a personal examination of the building and its

(26) L. H. asks for a mixture that will, by plunging in, temper a heavy piece of steel of irregular form to the temper of a cold chisel. Said piece will crack when plunged in hot water. A. Try an oil or tal-

(27) E. R. asks: 1. In the Holtz machines induced be silk of cotion covered. 4. How many thicklesses of wire would answer around the cores? A. The
lickness of the wire coil may generally be equal to
the diameter of the iron core.

(16) J. H. J. asks (1) for directions for
laking a Leclanche battery. A. Place in a parents cell on them of on the property of the place? A. B. In residual to the property of the property of the place? A. B. In residual to the property of the property of the place? A. B. In residual to the property of the place? A. B. In residual to the property of the place? A. B. In residual to the property of the property of the property of the place? A. B. In residual to the property of the property of

### NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MINES, NEW SOUTH WALES, FOR 1880. Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer, 7s, 6d.

Gives with great fullness of detail the mining operations and discoveries of the year. A valuable geological sketch map accompanies the report. A summary of the mineral products will be shown in another column of this paper. The total value of the gold, silver, coal, shale, tin, copper, Iron, antimony, lead, and other less important minerals raised in New South Wales down to the beginning of 1881 was something like \$200,000,000. Gold, coal, tin, and copper are the chief minerals.

chief minerals.

SPONS' ENCYCLOPÆDIA OF THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS, MANUFACTURES, AND COMMERCIAL FRODUCTS. Edited by G. G. Andre. London and New York: E. & F. N. Spon. In 30 parts. 75 cents each.

Parts 18 to 25 of this encyclopædia cover the subjects Hair and its applications, hats, honey, ice, India-rubber, ink, Ivory, Jute, knitted fabrics, lace, leather, linen manufactures, manures, matches, mordants, narcotics, nots, oils and fatty substances, paper, perfumes, photography, photometry, paints and pigments, pottery, etc.

CIRCULARS OF INFORMATION OF THE BUREAU

of Education. 1881. Washington.
No. 1. "On the Construction of Library Buildings,"
by William F. Poole. No. 2. "The Relations of Education to Industry," and "Technical Training in American schools," by E. E. White. No. 6. A report on the Teaching of Chemistry and Physics in the United States, by F. W. Clarke. No. 7. Spelling Reform.

[OFFICIAL.]

#### INDEX OF INVENTIONS

FOR WHICH

Letters Patent of the United States were Granted in the Week Ending

August 30, 1881, AND EACH BEARING THAT DATE.

[Those marked (r) are reissued patents.]

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Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Redel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Rein holder, I. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vieman. Roding composition, W. B. Allman Rotary engine and pump, A. Stamm. Rotary engine and pump, A. Stamm. Rocking composition, W. B. Allman Rotary engine and pump, A. Stamm. Rocker of device for other liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. Sash pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan. Saw filing machine, gin, A. A. Wood. Saw gummer, J. J. Lowe. Saw gummer, J. J. Lowe. Saw mill, band, C. Meiners. Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw saw mills, air buffer for, J. Waters. Sawing machine, L. D. Noblitt. Sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger. Scale, platform. Kleinsteuber & Huebner.	246,009 246,656 246,439 246,337 246,339 246,431 246,339 246,285 246,531 246,332 246,332 246,332 246,332 246,332 246,332 246,334 246,330 246,330 246,445 246,445 246,447
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Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Reich holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vieman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Rotary engine and pump. A. Stamm. saccharine juices or other liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. safe, provision, G. Pothin sash pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan. saw filling machine, gin, A. A. Wood saw gummer J. J. Lowe. saw jointer and gauge, R. E. Poindexter saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw saw mills, air buffer for, J. Waters. saw mill, sir buffer for, J. Waters. sawing machine, L. D. Noblit sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger caie, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell. Seat. See Chair seat.	246,505 246,430 246,437 246,337 246,431 246,431 246,432 246,432 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,432 246,533 246,432 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,435 246,43
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Rein holder, I. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vieman. Rocking composition, W. B. Allman. Rotary engine and pump, A. Stamm. Saccharine juices or other liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. Safe, provision, G. Pothin sash pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan. Saw gilling machine, gin, A. A. Wood saw gummer, J. J. Lowe. Saw jointer and gauge, R. E. Poindexter saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw saw mills, air buffer for, J. Waters. sawing machine, J. Augspurger. Sawing machine, L. D. Noblitt sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger Scale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell. Seed. See Chair seat. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan.	246,050 246,430 246,437 246,337 246,431 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Rein holder, L. Pentz Reck drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandier Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vleman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman. Roofing device, J. A. Bonnefin. Sak pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan. Saw mill, sam, A. J. Emiaw. Saw mill, band, C. Meiners. Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emiaw. Saw mills, air buffer for, J. Waters. Saw mills, air buffer for, J. Waters. Sawing machine, J. Augspurger. Sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger Scale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner. Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell. Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell. Sceler and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Scelecting device, J. E. Munson.	246,250 246,252 246,252 246,252 246,252 246,252 246,252 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,25
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Rein holder, I. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vieman. Rocking composition, W. B. Allman. Rotary engine and pump, A. Stamm. Rocker in juices or other liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. Sake provision, G. Pothin Sake provision, G. Pothin Saw gilmer, J. J. Lowe. Saw gilmer, J. J. Lowe. Saw jointer and gauge, R. E. Poindexter Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw. Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw. Saw mills, air buffer for, J. Waters. Sawing machine, J. Augspurger. Sawing machine, L. D. Noblitt Sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell. Seed. See Chair seat. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Seeding machine, Altmann & Pommer Seewing machine, Almann & Pommer Seewing machine, Almann & Pommer Seewing machine, Almann & Pommer	246,000 246,400 246,437 246,432 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,43
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Rein holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler. Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vleman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman. Sacharine fuices or other liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. safe, provision, G. Pothin Sash pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan. saw filing machine, gin, A. A. Wood saw youmer, J. J. Lowe. saw jointer and gauge, R. E. Poindexter saw mill, band, C. Meiners. saw mill, stam, A. J. Emlaw. Saw mills, air buffer for, J. Waters. sawing machine, J. Augspurger. sawing machine, J. Augspurger. sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger Scaie, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Seewing machine, A. L. Parcelle.	246,250 246,339 246,337 246,332 246,438 246,433 246,438 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,253 246,333 246,333 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,433 246,43
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Reich holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vieman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman. Rotary engine and pump, A. Stamm. Saccharine juices or other liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. Safe, provision, G. Pothin. Sash pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan. Saw filing machine, gin, A. A. Wood Saw gummer, J. J. Lowe. Saw jointer and gauge, R. E. Poindexter Saw mill, band, C. Meiners. Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emiaw Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emiaw Sawing machine, J. Augspurger. Sawing machine, J. Nobilt Sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger caie, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell. Seed. See Chair seat. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Seedering device, J. E. Munson Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden. Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden. Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden. Sewing machine, J. R. Scott.	246,500 346,450 246,450 246,450 246,450 246,450 246,450 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,55
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Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Reich holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vieman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Rotary engine and pump, A. Stamm Saccharine juices or other liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. Safe, provision, G. Pothin Sash pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan. Saw filing machine, gin, A. A. Wood Saw gummer, J. J. Lowe. Saw jointer and gauge, R. E. Poindexter Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emiaw Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emiaw Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emiaw Sawing machine, J. Augspurger. Sawing machine, J. Nobilt Sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger caie, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell. Seat. See Chair seat. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden. Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden. Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden. Sewing machine, C. A. Sjoberg. Sewing machine, C. A. Sjoberg. Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Banks Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Jaeger. Sheet delivery apparatus, G. L. Jaeger.	246,500 346,450 346,450 246,450 246,450 246,450 246,450 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,55
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Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Reich holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vieman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Rotary engine and pump, A. Stamm Saccharine juices or other liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. Safe, provision, G. Pothin Sash pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan. Saw filing machine, gin, A. A. Wood Saw gummer, J. J. Lowe. Saw jointer and gauge, R. E. Poindexter Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emiaw Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emiaw Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emiaw Sawing machine, J. Augspurger. Sawing machine, J. Nobilt Sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger caie, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell. Seat. See Chair seat. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden. Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden. Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden. Sewing machine, C. A. Sjoberg. Sewing machine, C. A. Sjoberg. Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Banks Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Jaeger. Sheet delivery apparatus, G. L. Jaeger.	246,255 246,438 246,439 246,337 246,332 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,538 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,43
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Reich holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vieman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing incomposition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing power of the liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. Sask pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan. Saw filing machine, gin, A. A. Wood saw gummer, J. J. Lowe. Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw Saw mills, air buffer for, J. Waters. Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw Saw mills, air buffer for, J. Waters. Sawing machine, L. D. Noblitt Sawing machine, L. D. Noblitt Sawing machine, L. D. Noblitt Sawing machine, M. Campbell Seet, See Chair seat. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Seelecting device, J. E. Munson Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden Sewing machine, G. A. Forcelle Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden Sewing machine, G. A. Forcelle Sewing machine, G. A. Forcelle Sewing machine attachment holder, G. H. Bedlent Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Banks. Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Banks Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Banks Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Banks Sewing machine attachment holder, G. H. Bedlent Sewing machine attachment holder, G. H. Bedlent Sewing machine torder, W. McTabe Sheet delivery apparatus, G. L. Jaeger. Scheet metal can, A. H. Fancher Schoel and ash sieve, combined, C. H. Starin. Single and double tree clip, H. McCoy.	246,520 246,430 246,437 246,432 246,432 246,432 246,432 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,533 246,53
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Rein holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler. Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vleman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman. Roofing machine, J. J. Morgan. Roofing machine of cutting down standing timber, J. Augspurger Rocale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Rocale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Rocale platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Rocale and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Roofing machine, Allmann & Pommer Roofing machine, A. R. Parcelle Rowing machine, A. R. Parcelle Rowing machine, A. R. Parcelle Rowing machine attachment, C. M. Banks Rowing machine corder, W. Mctabe Robert metal can, A. H. Fancher Robert and couble tree clip, H. McCoy. Roofing and couble tree clip, H. McCoy. Roofing Robert McCoy.	246,255 246,438 246,439 246,337 246,332 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,43
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Reich holder, L. Pentz Rock de'll, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vleman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Rotary engine and pump, A. Stamm, Saccharine juices or other liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. Safe, provision, G. Pothin Sash pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan saw filing machine, gin, A. A. Wood Saw gummer, J. J. Lowe. Saw jointer and gauge, R. E. Poindexter saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw Sawing machine, J. Augspurger Sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger Scale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell. Seat. See Chair seat. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan Sewing machine, Altmann & Pommer Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden Sewing machine, J. R. Scott Sewing machine, J. R. Scott Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Banks Sewing machine attachment holder, G. H. Bedlent Sewing machine attachment holder, G. H. Starin Single and double tree clip, H. McCoy Schoel, F. Euphrat Schoel and ash sieve, combined, C. H. Starin Single and double tree clip, H. McCoy Schoel R. Schoel Schoel, C. K. Lamb	246,500 346,450 346,450 346,450 346,450 246,450 246,450 246,450 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,550 246,55
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Rein holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vleman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Sacharine fulces or other liquids, and apparatus employed therein, preparing, evaporating, and concentrating, F. A. Bonnefin. Safe, provision, G. Pothin Saw pilling machine for J. Moorgan Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emiaw Sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger Scale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Scale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Scale platform, Kleinsteuber	246,255 246,439 246,357 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,533 246,449 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,439 246,539 246,439 246,539 246,439 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,539 246,639 246,539 246,639 246,639 246,639 246,639 246,639 246,639 246,639 246,639 246,639 246,639 246,639
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Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Reich holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vieman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing incomposition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing incomposition, W. B. Allman Roofing incomposition, W. B. Allman Roofing provision, G. Pothin Sash pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan Saw filing machine, gin, A. A. Wood Saw gummer J. J. Lowe. Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw Saw mill, sair buffer for, J. Waters Saw mill, sair buffer for, J. Waters Sawing machine, L. D. Noblit Sawing machine, L. D. Noblit Sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger Scale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell Seat. See Chair seat. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan Selecting device, J. E. Munson Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden Sewing machine, G. R. Sjoberg Sewing machine, G. R. Scott Sewing machine attachment holder, G. H. Bedlent Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Banks Sewing machine corder, W. McCabe Sheet delivery apparatus, G. L. Jaceger, Scheet metal can, A. H. Fancher Schoet netal can, A. H. Fancher Schoet netal can, A. H. Fancher Schoet metal can, A. H. Fancher Schoet netal can, A. H. Fancher Schoet and double tree cip, H. McCoy Schetching block, C. K. Lamb Silding gate, B. L. Rex Snow plow, J. Wood Soldering machine, C. W. O'Neill Solder cruting machi	246,526 246,430 246,437 246,432 246,432 246,432 246,432 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,432 246,523 246,432 246,523 246,432 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,523 246,52
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Rein holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandier Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vleman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman. Roofing machine, gin, A. A. Wood Row jointer and gauge, R. E. Poindexter Row jointer and gauge, R. E. Poindexter Row mill, band, C. Meiners. Row mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw. Row mills, air buffer for, J. Waters. Rowing machine, J. Augspurger. Roulman. Roofing machine for cutting down standing timber. Bert J. Augspurger Rocale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner. Rocale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner. Rocale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner. Rocale and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Roofing machine, Allmann & Pommer. Rockeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan. Roofing machine, Allmann & Pommer. Rockedering machine, Allmann & Pommer. Rowing machine attachment holder, G. H. Bedlent Rowing machine, C. A. Sjoberg. Rowing machine, C. H. Starin. Roofingle tree clip	246,250 246,326 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,43
Reclining chair, T. Hofstatter, Jr. Reclining chair, J. Reich Reel. See Torpedo reel. Refrigerator car, A. W. Zimmerman. Reich holder, L. Pentz Rock drill, hand power, L. W. Tracy. Rocker or device for the healthful amusement of children, G. T. Chandler Rocking chair, rotary, C. Vieman. Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing incomposition, W. B. Allman Roofing composition, W. B. Allman Roofing incomposition, W. B. Allman Roofing incomposition, W. B. Allman Roofing provision, G. Pothin Sash pivot, automatic, T. J. Morgan Saw filing machine, gin, A. A. Wood Saw gummer J. J. Lowe. Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw Saw mill, steam, A. J. Emlaw Saw mill, sair buffer for, J. Waters Saw mill, sair buffer for, J. Waters Sawing machine, L. D. Noblit Sawing machine, L. D. Noblit Sawing machine for cutting down standing tim- ber, J. Augspurger Scale, platform, Kleinsteuber & Huebner Screw, wood, J. W. Campbell Seat. See Chair seat. Seeder and roller, combined, W. J. Morgan Selecting device, J. E. Munson Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden Sewing machine, G. A. Hayden Sewing machine, G. R. Sjoberg Sewing machine, G. R. Scott Sewing machine attachment holder, G. H. Bedlent Sewing machine attachment, C. M. Banks Sewing machine corder, W. McCabe Sheet delivery apparatus, G. L. Jaceger, Scheet metal can, A. H. Fancher Schoet netal can, A. H. Fancher Schoet netal can, A. H. Fancher Schoet metal can, A. H. Fancher Schoet netal can, A. H. Fancher Schoet and double tree cip, H. McCoy Schetching block, C. K. Lamb Silding gate, B. L. Rex Snow plow, J. Wood Soldering machine, C. W. O'Neill Solder cruting machi	246,250 246,326 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,438 246,43

grate, E. Hayner ..... pipe thimble, J. M. Lauby

bmoiz nders, W. & H. Turner... 2. See Railway switch. See Drawing table.

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	Telephone signal apparatus, J. S. Rose 246.344
40,524	Telephone transmitter, H. Hunnings 245,512
46,296	Tenoning macnine, E. H. Sawin,
45,393	Textile fabrics, apparatus for treating, Patterson
46,415	& stewart
46,527	Thill compline I C Bargett 346.287
45,490	Thill coupling. W. J. Chenoweth 346,369
46,585	Thill coupling. F. Hoffman
-	Thill lug, Haas & Beisner
46,385	Tobacco ensure machine, A. Ponel
46,373	Toe weight, E. G. Miles
	Tollet case, S. Haslott
46,516	Tool, combination, O. G. Rombotis 246,419
40,000	Torpedo bost, G. H. Reynolds 245,415
40,528	Torpedo reel, E. G. McClure
MONTHS.	Toy wagon, J. Murray 246,412
46,570	Trap. See Animal trap.
46,298	Trap, L. Brandels
	Trup, L. Brandeis 249,430
46,845	Tree. See Boot tree. Whiffletree.
46,488	Truck, foundry, G. F. Baugher 346,284
46,416	Trunk, G. Birkmann
46,363	Tube. See Grain drill conductor tube. Turn buckles, making, Moore & Smith
46,557	
46,496	Valve. See Pressure regulating valve.
46,495	Valve motion, steam engine, M. A. Dees 245,376
46,355	Vehicle running gear, E. Harder 246,501
46,485	Vehicle spring, W. H. Stickle 246,571
46,561	Veterinary remedy, E. J. Smith
16,279	Wagon stake, W. A. Hanna
46,576	Wagon wheel, G. M. Chase, Jr 246,450
1000	Wagon wheel and axle, C. Norton 246,334
46,348	Wall paper from the hanging-up machine method
46,468	of and apparatus for removing, T. Henry 246,389
46,562	Washer. See Clothes washer.
ATP-JUNEAU	Watchmaker's tool, A. G. Linnbaum
46,473	Water motor, S. W. Hudson 246,315
40,410	Water tanks, water column for railway, T. J. Mc-
46,371	Gowan 216,405
46,506	Well boring and rock drilling machine, J. At-
40,000	kinson
46,390	Wheel. See Wagon wheel.
46,541	Wheelbarrow, W. C. Wren
90,091	Whiffletree, A. A. Pierce
46,394	Wind engine, L. H. Sparks
10,384	Wire coupling, S. D. Field
	Wire stretcher, M. A. Howell, Jr 245,511
	Wrench, See Sucker rod wrench. Wrench, A. G. W. Foster
40,422	Wrench, A. G. W. Foster 296,487
46,433	DESIGNS.
46,433	DESIGNS.  Burial caskets name plate frame for A. H. Nird-
46,433 46,304 46,492	DESIGNS. Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. II. Nird- linger
46,433 46,301 46,492 46,485	DESIGNS.           Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. H. Nird-linger
46,433 46,301 46,492 46,485	DESIGNS.           Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. H. Nirdlinger.         12,443           Carpet, H. Christie.         12,434           Carpet, Christie & Nell         12,434
46,433 46,304 46,492 46,485 46,523	DESIGNS.           Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. H. Nirdlinger.         12,443           Carpet, H. Christie.         12,434           Carpet, Christie & Nell         12,434
46,433 46,304 46,492 46,485 46,523	DESIGNS.           Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. H. Nirdlinger
46,433 46,304 46,492 46,485 46,528 46,528	DESIGNS.           Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. II. Nirdlinger.         12,443           Carpet, H. Christie         12,434           Carpet, Christie & Neil         12,435           Carpet, J. Fisher.         12,455           Carpet, A. I., Halliday.         12,457           Carpet, C. Masee         12,429
46,433 46,304 46,492 46,485 46,528 46,528	DESIGNS.           Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. H. Nird-linger
46,433 46,304 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,361 46,420	DESIGNS.           Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. H. Nird-linger
46,433 46,304 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,361 46,420 46,382	DESIGNS.           Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. H. Nirdlinger.         12,443           Carpet, H. Christie.         12,434           Carpet, Christie & Nell         12,245           Carpet, J. Fisher.         12,446           Carpet, A. I. Halliday.         12,437           Carpet, C. Magee.         12,439           Carpet, W. McCallum         12,440           Carpet, J. Nell         12,441           Carpet, Nell & Christie         12,441
46,433 46,492 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,361 46,420 46,382 46,509	DESIGNS.           Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. H. Nirdlinger.         12,443           Carpet, H. Christie.         12,434           Carpet, Christie & Nell         12,245           Carpet, J. Fisher.         12,446           Carpet, A. I. Halliday.         12,437           Carpet, C. Magee.         12,439           Carpet, W. McCallum         12,440           Carpet, J. Nell         12,441           Carpet, Nell & Christie         12,441
46,433 46,492 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,361 46,420 46,382 46,509	DESIGNS
46,433 46,304 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,361 46,420 46,882 46,506 46,506	DESIGNS
46,433 46,304 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,361 46,420 46,882 46,509 46,556	DESIGNS.           Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. H. Nirdlinger.         12,443           Carpet, H. Christie.         12,434           Carpet, Christie & Nell         12,245           Carpet, J. Fisher.         12,446           Carpet, A. I. Halliday.         12,437           Carpet, C. Magee.         12,439           Carpet, W. McCallum         12,440           Carpet, J. Nell         12,441           Carpet, Nell & Christie         12,441
46,433 46,301 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,361 46,420 46,420 46,556 46,556 46,439 46,337	DESIGNS
46,433 46,301 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,361 46,420 46,420 46,556 46,556 46,439 46,337	DESIGNS
46,433 46,301 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,361 46,361 46,382 46,509 46,556 46,439 46,352	DESIGNS     Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. II. Nird-linger
46,433 46,301 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,361 46,382 46,509 46,556 46,439 46,337 46,337 46,352	DESIGNS
46,433 46,301 46,492 46,485 46,523 46,523 46,523 46,520 46,536 46,536 46,536 46,537 46,352 46,432 46,438	DESIGNS
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46,433 46,301 46,301 46,485 46,523 46,523 46,520 46,536 46,536 46,536 46,337 46,332 46,332 46,332	DESIGNS   Burial caskets, name plate frame for, A. H. Nird-   linger
46,433 46,301 46,301 46,485 46,523 46,523 46,520 46,536 46,536 46,536 46,337 46,332 46,332 46,332	DESIGNS
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THIS ADVERTISEMENT is intended to tring the great economic MONEY-SAVING PRINCIPLE OF BUYING DIRECT from the manufacturer and importer, and saving the ENORMOUS PROFITS of middlemen that sap the life and substance out of the community, and for what present we wish every merchant and every predictor, one that any find the very one the desires to get the MOST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY to send us a TRIAL ORDER, and we agree not only to give a large value for the money, but a MAGNIFICENT PRESENT ABSOLUTELY FREE.

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REMEMBER, AN ELEGANT AND VALUABLE GIFT TO EVERY ONE WHO FAVORS US WITH A TRIAL ORDER. A fair field and no favor in the distribution of gifts, whether your trial order

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Gents' Underwear.		1				Garters.	THE REAL PROPERTY.		1	Photograph Albums.	
SHIRTS OR DRAWERS.			by ma	il. by mail	s. c.		Sample	1 doz. 1	doz	Sample 1 doz. by mail, by mai	
Sample 1 by mail, by	doz. 1	doz.	Cheap Cotton 10	1 00	75		2 0	8 C.	8 C.	8 c. 8 c.	\$ C.
S C.	\$ c.	8 6	Fancy 15	1 50	2 00	Fulled Elastic Web	10	90	80	Fine Gilt and Colored Cover, 12 pic-	
White or Gray, good 40	\$ 50	8 00	British	3 00	2.60	Napkins.				Fine Gilt and Colored Cover, 24 pic-	1 (0)
White or Gray, better 50 White or Gray, No. 1 60	5 00	5 50	Heavy Woolen 40	3.75	3 40	Fancy check, warranted linen Fancy check, warranted linen, Ex	222	85	75	ture 50 4 00	3 25
Overalls and Jumpers.	0.00		Heavy Woolen, extra 50			Large	LITA	1 40	1 25	Larger and finer	12 00
	6 25	4.50	LADIES FURNISHING	GOODS.		Turkey red damask.		1 40 75	65	\$2, \$3, \$4, and \$5 each.	
Heavy Duck	7 00	5 50	Ludies' Hosiery.	1.00	- 05	White damask, cut and fringed.	***	80	75	Pocketbooks.	
Cardigau Jackets.			Cotton better 15		1 10	Shoe Laces.			-	No. 200, Small 10 85	75
Cheap		8 50	Fancy Repped 25	1 75	1 50	3-4, per gross	***	28 45 48	15	No. 28, Small with Silvered Chain., 19 1 00	85
Better			Fancy extra fine	2 25	9 95	5-4, per gross		48	35	No. 210, Large, 4 Pocket, Metal Trimmings	1 15
Fancy 25		20 00	Wool, new style 40	3 30		6-4, per gross	***	60	40	No. 25, Ladies' Sire, Fine Leather,	
All Wool 3 50		200	Heavy Merino, white 50	4 50	4 00	Control of the contro				Nickel Trimmings. 25 2 25 Old Style Leather Strap Wallet with	2 (0)
Gents' Fine White Shirts.	7 50	6.00	Cornets.			All Colors	b	65	60	Bill Holder 25 2 00	1 75
With Linen Bosoms	9 50	8 00	Job., 38	3 75 4 50	3 00					Leather Purse with Clasp 10 80	1 15
Very Fine	13 50	12 00	Good Quality		8 00	Small Size	10	1 10	1 00	Service and the second service and the second secon	1 10
Overshirts.			Corset Laces	10	10	Superior Wired	25	2 00	1.80	2.4344.000.234	-
Heavy Cotton	5 50	4 50	Ladies' Lace Ties.		200	Autograph Albums.		-		Good Note Paper, per ream	10
Fancy Woolen	10 00	5.00	Assorted Colors 10	70	60	Small, @ page	10	70	60	Best Note Paper, per ream	1.00
All Wool Blue Flannel, Single Breasted	15 00	12:00	Opera Fringed	2 25	2 00	Lithograph Cover, larger	15	1.25	1 10	Envelopes, per 1,000	1 20
	15 00	15 00	Fine Old Gold, Plaited Ends 25	2 25	2.00	Very Fine	15	1 10 4 50	1 00		-
Linea Collars.			Lace Collarettes and Ruches.			Very Elegant, pure muslin	1 00	9 50	8 00		80
Stand Up, 4-ply 15	1 22	1 10	No. 33, Box Plaited 10	25	50	Large, Fine Leather Covers, Emb	bel-			cheaper 10 80	65
Stand Up, 4-ply, best	1 75	1 10	Very Cheap		40	lished with Designs in Gold Le	ar2 50		24.00	Assorted Wood, Nickel Trimmed,	1.50
Turn Down, good 15 Turn Down, best 20	135	1 40	No. 600, Wide Lace Edge 10	50	35		-	-		with Nickel Bowl Cover	1.45
Linen Cuffs.			Ruching, 12 yards in a box	per box.	per box.	CN FEE SEE	14 1/4	Section 1		No. 539. Brier, curved stem	145
Reversible 25	2 50	2 25	Ruching, 12 yards in a box	75	60		Mcd .			No. 7, Brier, Rubber mouthpiece 30 2 00	133
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AND TOTAL DESIGNATION OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	3 10	2 75	Handkerchiefs.	1 doz.	I dow.		100			No. 38, Same as No. 35, only larger 75 6 00 No. 38, Meerschaum, straight stem.	5.00
Neckties,	1 - 13		No. 7. Ladies' colored border, 15 in. 10	40	55		SILLA	740		Nickel Trimmings 50 4 00	3.75
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Black or Fancy Bows, better 25	1 50		No. 8 Gents' Polka dot, I7 in 15	1 10	1 00			N. Contraction		Meerschaum Pipes in cases in both curved and straight stems at	
Black or Fancy Scarfs	3 50	3 00	No. 29, Gents' extra corded colored	1 10	100	1000000		M		\$2.50, \$3.50, \$5, and \$6 each.	
Black or Fancy Searfs, best 75	6 00	200	border 20	1 75	1 65			7 1111		Cigar Holders, Brier	75
Gent-'Suspenders.	1 80	2.00	No. 405, Ladies' Hemstitched 20 No. 187, Fine, warranted linen 20	100	1 50			1		Cigarette Holders, Brier	200
Fair Quality	3 00	2 50	Turkey Red, 15 in 10	60	55			SOUNT.		Very fine Meerschaum Cigar Hold-	
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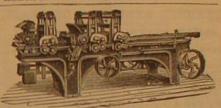


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